# PIGEONS

FROM OVT OF NOES ARKE.

ouer the floud, into the Arke againe.

Gen. chap. 8. verf.8.

Resembling well,

The fall of Heriticks, Scismaticks, &c. out of Holie Church, their continuance without, and return eagaine. Ce. 5:1

Denided accordinglie,

Into three parts or smal Treatises, vz. one discouering the Arke or Church from whence they flye, fall, or are let out: The other describeth the flood ouer which the flight, & is called the Annatomie of all heretical bodies or congregations: or discouerie of the inchanted Castle or deluge towre of Babilon. The third discourseth of the end of the flight, & prough that to be the Catholike Romain Church onely: with an exhortation to the same.

Compiled by N. C. for his Countrie Sake.

Mentita est iniquitas sibi.

Wickednesse hath sayled to it selfe. Psal. 26.12.
Insipientiaeoru manefesta erit omnibushominibus
That is, their follie shalbe manifest to al men. 2. Tim 3
Quis mihi dabu pennas sicut columba & volabo.
Who will giue me wings like 2 Doue, and I will slye
Psal. 54. 7.

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#### TO THE RIGHT HONO-

rable and thrise deare Countrie, the Lands of great Brittaine, N. C. wisheth and commendeth his

Pigeons flight.

Although (most worthie, and inwardly beloued Countrie) for my obscurity & vnknowen deserts; haue not any one to be-take me to, as Patrone of my little labours, in so noble, and well druinely appoynted flyght; that I must of force commit all vnto thee : yet if I had (as perhaps I might by inquirie finde ) I would rather haue dedicated this my journey to some Noe, or especiall lieutenant vnder God, either Spiritual, or Teporall, then to them, or any prinat man; aswell because the Noes onely (in their kindes) are, or should be shut vp in the Arke by God: I have powre to open the windowe there, and to shut it againe; to A 2 let

#### The Epiftle,

let out and in, bynde and loofe, and as occasion, deserts, or neede shall require: Yet, because to them, either I dare not presume, or want the meanes, or can hardly trauell for my other needfull, and present imployments, (intending hereafter to Dedicate to them more fitter matter on the Tuch-stone, and if I may) Imade my choise of thee, because (deare Cuntrie) I thinke thou art the Pigion, or the Raue, whose flight I have desciphe red to thy view. You it concerneth, you it directeth; and for you, and at you, did I chiefly aime. For you I have suffered fomthings, and was readie (vnder God before) and am, to give you, and for you my bowels, and heart out of my breaft; with the residue of my reueren and noble brethren. Be not therefore pharaifaicall, standenot vpon Nolim tangere; refuse not with the lewes, the Apostles works: our like (they far in feriour) labours , because they came for a Paule, or meanest Seminarie in dil grace. Be not vngratful for my curtefies If I had better than these (and my han) thou shouldest have them, Read it the

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#### The Epiftle?

at least, to quit me of my paines : goodwilles, and care I have of thee : for here thou shalt see thine owne estate, & what neede thou hast to flie, for all the securitie thou perhapst hast in another course. Gods Raine-bowe, and pledge of peace, as yet expecteth thee, it bendeth and shooteth vp-ward for thy returne: It sheweth what varieties of good life (befides thy onely faith) thou oughtest to put on , to make thy flight perfect . It riseth from the earth, pearcing the heauens for thee: Our bleffed Ladie earths offering, alwaies bent with continuall shot of prayer, care, and loue for thy returne, (her dowrie) to whom I leaue thee recommended, most noble Countrie.

Thine N. C.



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### THE CHAPTERS OF THIS Booke.

Of the first part, touching the Arke, are these season.

The preface or first Chapter, indu-

2 That in reason there is but one arke, way, or Church to saue vs all from drowning.

3 That by the Holy Fathers, there is no faluation, out of the holy Church.

4. That by the Old Testament, by figures also, no where is saluation, out of one Holie Church.

That by the New, neither can there be parables.

6 That the same is moreouer euident from both the pages by plaine testimonie, without either figure or comparison.

7 That this is the Catholicke Romaine Church, and none else.

Of the fecond part or flight are thefe.

8 Directeth us from the first part to the second, leaving as it were with the Doue the Arke, or Catholike Romaine Church

#### The Contence.

Church, to make flight oner the flood, that is, ouer all other sects towrs, or religions what soener.

- That in this it is necessarie to make an Annatomic of all other bodies or Churches: that Pigeons flying, may distinguish the Arke or footing place from the flood or drowned bodies.
- to That the Annatomie of all arks, Churches &c. besides the Romaine Catholike is truely and well made into these source parts: vz. First into borrowed opinions from the true arke, Catholike Romaine Church. 2. into pure distructive negatives 3. into old condemned heresies new scoured. And 4. into positive (but absurd) positions or blashemies.

In That they borrow all these from the Catholike Church, and why they be a table.

- 12 That the first member of their composition be borrowed opinions: true and sound in the Catholike Church, are in theirs not only borrowed, but abused against the owners will are shewes without substance, and the sheepes coate to couer the other three, which make the wolfe.
- 13 That after borrowed things be taken a-

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#### The Contence

way by the right owner, nothing remaineth for a Pigeon to trust unto:but drowning, naked Wolfes, or carrion in the slood.

14 That the second part of their bodie is of pure negations, and which they are, wherein Pigeons can finde no rest or footing.

That the third part, or member of their composition, consists of old heresies newe broched: and which be they, which can yeeld to Pigeons, neither any resting place.

16 That the foure and last element of their composed Arke, Castle, tower or Church, is of absurd positions, and which they be, wheron, neither the flying Done can rest ber foote.

17 That from these foure elements (or parts of an hereticall bodie) slow such a mixtion, mingle-mangle, or composition, as no Pigton can finde an assured resting place, how soener the Rauen doe, who can content himselfe with sloting drowned carrion.

18 That the conclusions derived from such principles, are innumerable, and all absurdities denying what was affirmed; and af19

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#### The Contence.

affirming againe what was denyed, &e. And which be they, some few for a taste: The Pigion taketh wing to the Catholike Romaine Church , from whence she flew, or made flight.

Of the third part, or end of the flight, are these seauen Chapters.

THat the Catholike Romane church is the onely resting place from the floud, to all wearie-winged Pigeons.

20 That shee onely hath the length, bredth, height, deepnesse, chambers, orders, gouernment, &c. of the Noes arke.

21 That she onely contayned safe from the floudall surts of persons.

22 That al the Apostles, disciples, martirs,

&c. were in her preserved, 23 That all the Confessors, virgins, men,

wemen, religious, &c. were in ber pre-Gerned.

24 That the Holy Fathers so have prooued her to be.

25 That it behooveth by these motives, all men to returne thither with the Pigion, and hold themselves therein.

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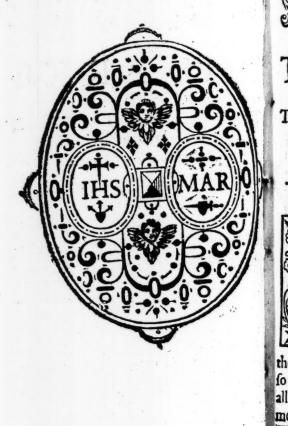
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## THEARKE

or Church.

#### THE FIRST TREATISE,

from whence the flight or fall:

Deuided into fixe Chapters.

The preface or first Chapter.



HE Most men, (gentle reader) do either contemne with the Rauen, to enter into the Arke or Church, (the onely vessell of saluation) as

the multitudes of sectaries, who beeing so aposite amongst themselves, cannot all be right; or neglect with the same, as men cast on sleep (by the potent charms

Mat. 6.24 of worldly Mammon, \* prince of dark! nesse) in worldly loue and pleasure, houering (as it were ) betweene two, neither

\* Apoc. 3. 16.

hot nor cold, \*as Scismaticks: or finallie, make but small account to abide within, as the lapsed Catholikes : yet (to awake this desperat lasinesse) there is but

\*Ephe.4. 4 one Arke, \*one Church, one profession, wherein is faluation only from the flood.

Pfa.139.6 It was foretold of our Saujour, \* That hee should shake the heads of many on the earth (that is ) awake them with feare and dread, thaking off the desperat dulnesse, or ashes of too-much earthlineste and worldly loue, which maketh vs in the way of our Lord, as luke warme neither fish nor flesh, but whome God would vomit out of his mouth: Surelie, ifotherwise effected, in this it is wel performed: when to all he gaue a warning,

Eph. 5.23 that Christ, himselfe, \* was the Sauiour of his owne bodie or Church, as though he had faid ( as he did indeede)

Mat.12.30 \* either with me in my Church or body mysticall, or against mee, and out of it For to those onely faluation, and to none

else: as there is but one God, \* one Ho-Eph.44. lit d

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lie Ghoft; and but one truth, faith, baptisme, and Church or bodie, whereof I professe my self the Saujour, and of none elfe, vpon my word, \* which canot faile, Mat. 5.18. though the heavens, (otherwise incortuptible) should be perished. The which confideration (all things well looked into) in my opinion (as things stand) is a shaking off our desperat dulnesse & so potent, as who feeleth it not (if either life orquicknesse beeremaining at all vnfwalowed vp or drowned by finne )may justly feare that he is more farther from life, then Lazarus was, when he had lyen foure daies in his graue : \* whom yet to \* Iohn. 12 rayle, not ordinarie meanes, but miracu- 39. lous (which none of vs can or ought to looke for ) a loude and strong crye (that is to fay) of Christ himselfe was necessarie. No Mercurie or byting powder to an olde fore, like this importent confideration, if any quicknesseremaine to our deseased soules: the which I shall a litle open by all maner of proffes, which are twoin general; by reason (that is to say) and authority. Authoritie is of two forts,

humaine and divine; by both which, I

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Tolie then by divine. Divine authoritie concludes the Olde and New Testament at the least, by both which, I hope in God to prooue it, that the dullest, it they bee of those to whom God doth sende his proofs out of the Olde Testament, then out of the Newe, and so of each in order,

CHAP. II.

Hat in reason, there is but one way 1 or Church, wherein to please God, This is very manifest; if the Scriptures had not told vs: wee fee by experience that no man can serue two contrains masters, no child two opposite parents nor finallie, no subject, two divers Princes, and please them both all at once striuing for maisterie by force of armes If we shall please the one, wee shall displease the other, obey the one, and disobey the other, in fauour with one, is to be in disfauour with the other, &c. halting wil not ferue, \* euery one faying hot or colde, \* either with me or against me If then your children or feruants should

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\*Reg.1.8

Apo.3:16

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daily labour with your neighbours (let be your enemies) should they deserve meat and wage, when they come home at night, faying, yet our hart and good-wil is yours? It was against our will Godwot, and we had durft, or might have had our owne minde. Secondly, if wars were proclaymed betwixt our Countrie and Spaine, or Fraunce, and our cause good, and nothing knowen to the contrarie: could you (tell me) give the one your hart, and the other your armes and bodie, without guilt of treason to her Majestie? No no, it would not serue: the maister, father and Prince justlie replying, let them have that heart, that had the service of the bodie: you wrought their worke, serued in their troups, let them paye the wages, auoyde my presence, and for your high contempt, receaue due punishment. And shall wee millike our servants, childer or subjects, for working our neighbours work dailie in place of our owne, and will thinke that God should be content, we dailie so vse him with his sworne enimies? O heauen and earth, stand amazed at this \* Efa. 1.2.

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shall any thing serue God? O our good heart (saye they.) It is a diuelish sleight (say 1) there can be no good hart, where such outward rebellion is. It is a weake, deceitful, cowardly hart, ouercome with seare and sinne, & so vnworthy of kingdomes, and fit for to receaue a portion,

\*Apo.21.8 (as Saint Iohn tels vs all \*) in the lake that burneth with fyre and brimftone, which is the fecond death. Therefore we

Reg. 3.26 cannot, nor may not deuide \* the quick childe, and ferue two religions, the one with the hart, the other with our corporal presence. In heart and hand, tooth and

"Mar. 12.3 nayle, with all our heart, \* with all our foule, strength & minde; goe we ought one way, and beleeve in hart to Justice,

\*Ro.10.10 \* and professein our mouth to saluation: halting will not serue, for who is a

\*Luc.9.20 shamed so to do before men, \* shal finde (when he had small need) one ashamed of him before God and his Angels; who will then shake thy head from dulnesse, to conceine, that from our owne experience, and ordinarie examples and similitudes (things visible) we might have conceined of things inussible, as Saint

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Paule \* gaue instruction. And howe- \* Ro. 2.10 now, where is faluation out of one holie Church, more then wages, fauour, or reward, from our abused masters, parents, and Soueraignes, so highlie offended? And that to deuide the child\*, or whole \*Reg.3. man betweene two, is both impossible 26. to content, and every way odicus, and hatefull to all fides. And thus much for the proofes at this time from reason: I passe to declare the same from authoritie; and first from the authoritie of men, then of God, that our discourse may grow from the leffer to the more orderlie, as S. Marke \* describes the course of \* Mar. 4.28 nature fo to do.

CHAP. III.

That by the Holie Fathers, there is no saluatio out of one holy church.

This common place is large, \* the \*Mat.18.19 lawes of God and men, content themfelues in all fuits, with the euidence of two or three lawfull witnesses: these then may content my audience, whom I couet briefely and plainly to instruct. The witnesses ought to be lawfull, and law-

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fulnes requires. First, that they be of just nuber, that is, two or three; secondly, that they be of goodknowledge in the case: thirdly, that they be of honest name, and conversation, and that they be indifferent, and of neither part. My witnesses in this, shall be of number two or three, or moe: For wisdome and knowledge in the case, doctors and Fathers of the church; For honestie, Saints of honorable and happie memorie over christendome: and finallie, so indifferent, as without all suspicion of partiallities, as men dead long before our question began.

First then to ascend the Lateran Counfell generall, under Pope Innocent the third 3. Can. 1. auereth this for mee expresly, saying: One is the Father of the Catholike Church, without which, none can be saued. As though they thould say with Saint Paule to the Ephesians. 4. 4 One faith; and then had added that of the same Saint Paul, Hebrewes. 11.6. va without which, it is unpossible to please God, much lesse, say I, be saued: yea, is already (as Saint Iohn \* faith) judged our Sauiour promising the sentence,

\* Ioh.3. 18

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which one day shal be put in execution: Saying in Saint Marke, \* who beleeue \* Mar. 16. not shall be damned. Therefore we may 16. binde it vp with Saint Athanasius knot, in his Creede, faying: that vnleffe you beleeue wholie the Catholicke faith, (which is no where, but in the Catholicke Church ) you shall perrish euer-

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Secondly, Saint Gregorie, Lib. 14. moral. cap. 14. a thousand yeares agoe and more, attests the same, saying: The Holie Catholike Church (faith he) doth teach no faluation to be out of her, but in her : affirming, all without her, to bee damned. Then it is so saye I, by these witnesses: If wee beleeue the holy Catholike Church, as all professe by their Creede; but doing otherwise, I feare me, that fentence of Saint Paule will ouerreach them, faying, of fuch disobedient men, \* that they professe to know God, \* Tit.1.16 and denie him in their works. But Saine Augustin in Pfal. 88. And Saint Ciprian De unitate Eccle. do tell them, that who will not have that Church to beetheir Mother, shall not finde God to be their

Fa-B 2

Father. Thirdly Fulgentius de fidei ad Per a Saint and Bishop in Saint Augustines time, affirmeth bouldly without exception of persons, and bids vs (that will be Christians indeede) hold it most firme. ly, and no waies dcubt, (not only al Pagans, but all Iewes, Hereticks) who die out of the Catholike Church, go to euerlasting fire, prepared for the druell and his angels: lold it, faith he, most firmely, and no waies doubt, & furely he might fay so well, and yet not beare the person of a Judge, in regard he doth but collect the judgmers of God already, in his vnfailable Law set downe, decreed and annacted, Whereto the faithfull and bap-Mar. 16.16 tiled, \* is promifed faluation : to others, (who either neuer receaued the faith, as Pagans, Iewes,&c. or have lost it as he riticks ) affured damnation, faying in the fame place most firmely (and no wife to bee doubted ) that all who beleeve not shall be damned, which company of beleeuers, is the Church, all others without them, cut off, either for want of receauing faith, as infidels; or not aby ding in the same receased, as all herericks what-Loc-

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foeuer, If you replie, what ? al men damned that are out of the Church? euen good livers, just, vp-right, and of rare good life, &c. Yea, to those vertues, saye I, other rewardes temporall are given: but faluation to none, but to the vertuous, within the fold of Gods Church. So Saint Augustin, Epift, 1;2. to the Donatifts, (heriticks of Donatus, as Lutherans and Caluenills, be now of Luther and Caluin:) Wholoeuer (faith he, to them) is separated from the Catholike church, that he doth not communicate with the whole Church, but with some part there of, how laudablie soeuer otherwise hee liue, for that sinne onely of, being separat from the Church, and vnitie with Christ, he shall have no life in him, but the wrath of God shall remaine ouer him, thus Sunt Augustine. Loe, howe laudablie soeuer otherwise he liue,&c.as if he had said with Saint Paule , \* if hee \* Cor 13.21 haue al faith, yea, to mooue mountaines, if hee give his goods to the poore, and his bodie to be burnt, if he do all this, and what else you can denise: that is as Saint Augustine comprehends; howe law-

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that sinne onely (of being separat, for want of charitie, or vnitie to the bodie of life (the Church) he shall be nothing, atinckling Simball, or emptie found, shall haue no life, \* Qgia, qui non deligit mane 1.Ioh.3.14 in morte, but the wrath of God shall remaine ouer him, and that most assuredlie: And without all doubt, as S. Athanatius, and Saint Fulgentius, as before witnessed. Then by humaine restimonie of the auncient Fathers, it remaineth cleere, that no where saluation out of holie Church, more then saluation out of Noes arke from the flood : and so I passe higher, to shew the same out of divine authoritie. And first out of the Old Testament, or first page, then out of the second, and third line, out of both togeather, by figures, that is to fay, by comparilons, and by plaine testimonies, as followeth in order.

> CHAP. IIII. Hat by the Old Testament no sal-1 uation out of one Holie Church, by figures.

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This chapter, for more plaines (is well deuided into three joynts or parts; the first is a grounde to the proofes, that are to be drawen from this common place, the other two, are two divers heads, or common springs of proofes in the premisses.

The grounde is thus as followeth, to deduce my proofes with greater euidence, you must laye this for a groundworke: vz. That the Olde Law (excepting the rules judiciall, and precepts of the lawe of Nature, recollected) was a shaddow, figure, picture, or prophesie of the New to come in Christ. So witnesfeth Saint Paule, \* Where repeating \* Cor. 10 many things for example fake, out of the 6.and 12. Old Testament, addeth thus, saying: & al these things (saith he) hapned to them in figure, and are written for our correction, vpon whom the ends of the world are arrived vnto. Againe, Saint Paule to the Hebrewes \*declares, he meant a ge- \* Hebros nerall iuduction, saying, without limitation: The Law had a shaddow of things to come, & not the true Image of things indeede. Hence he gathered in particu-

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Iar afterward the Sacrifices of the Olde Testament, to have bene but figures of an other livelie, and availeable to come in Christ, which was the only trueth an-Iwerable to the shaddowes, saying, neither were they pleasing thee : and then speaking in the person of Christ (the true sacrifice to come, answerable, as I faid to those of the old Testament) I said behold, I come; he tooke away the first, that hee might constitute the second. Thus Saint Paule; Loe the shaddowe passeth into the trueth shaddowed, the picture into the truth pictured; the olde facrifice, into Christ, the true and onely of the New Testament. The first taken awaie, that the second might enter in their place. Then this poynt is proued, ve, that the Old law was a shiddow or figure of the truths to come in the New, and not the trueth it selfe: and therefore the truths entring, the shiddow gaue place, the picture ceased, the second beginning, the first antiquited, and the New Testament permulgated; the lawe of Moles became in these abrogate, and fulfilled.

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Now vpon this ground, reason may lead vs (with the help of faith) to gather a proportion, similitude, or a vallogie, betweene the picture, and the thing pi-Rured, and therein norto fayle, feeing the Painter (God himselfe the maker of both Old and New, picture and truth) could not erre, or mille proportion. Now if thefe be thus, we must by the pictures, figures, &c. in the Old, needs finde out truthes answerable to them in the New, orelfe (which God forbid) fay that eyther Saint Paule deceived vs, in fo comparing the two Testaments, or (if he did not) accuse, first the Painter, in missing proportion, which were blasphemie and infidelitie, against God the workman, or (which is worst of all) holde that the truth is not as yet come; and so with the lewes, expect another Messias to fulfill all truthes: these may not be said. Then is there a proportion & correspondence betweene the Olde and Newe. as ought tobee betweene a perfite picture, well painted, and the person pictured; and this, so far aboue that, as the truth is before the shadow. Now this ground thus laide,

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laide, I begin to build, and auouch, that by manie, both pictures, shaddowes, or figures, of the Olde Testament; as by many and sundrie prophesies, predictions, or graunts of the same; it is manifest no saluation possible to anie out of Gods Church, no more then safety from the flood, out of Nors arke. And thus much of the first parte of this Chapter, touching the ground-worke of my suture proofes. Thence now to the second part touching the proofes themselves, and first by figures.

Gen . S

By figures then, the premisses are manifest, yea, even in the lawe of nature. Paradise then beset with all fruits and trees of pleasant taste, &c. Is it not plat-forme shaddowing the Church! be-set with all the merits of Christs Passion, with all heroicall vertues and graces. The Paradise of pleasure, beset with the Tree of life (Christ) and of knowledge of good and evill: &c, which lost by old Adam, is conquered by the new, and shall by him; is opened by this, to all that will enter: out of which, there is nothing, but male dicta terra, an accur-

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fed earth (that is ) curfed earthly men made of earth, and following the appetite of the same, doe bring forth of their owne accorde, nothing but brambles and bryers, nettles and thiftles (thatis, wicked vices and finnes, fit for nothing but to feede a fyre, the fyre of hell a due rewarde or hyre for finne, as the Apostle auerred, saying, \*Stipendium peccati mors; \* Ro.6.23 death, first & second the wage of sinne. Therefore out of Paradile (the Church) nothing but weedes, vices tyed to damnation, as to their proper demerit or hyre: and thus much of the first figure.

Secondly, Noes arke is a part of the Old Testament, though before the law \* Gen. 7.1 then by Saint Paule, \* in my grounde, \* Heb.10.1 a picture of truth to come, and that of the Church now: So it was witnessed, in the first of Saint Peter, \* Saying, the \*Pet.3.31 Baptisme of the Church to bee to vs in forme of Noes arke: meaning therin, that we are now faued by water in the church as they were then in the arke. Secondly, S. Ierom Ep. 57. to Damasus Pope, confirmeth this poynt, faying: I (faith he to Damasus) following now before the

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the Ame joyned to thy Holinelle ( that is to faye) to the Chaire of Peter; vpon the Rocke, I knowe the Church to bee builded: who so eateth the Lambe, out of that house, is wicked; who so shall not be within the arke of Noe, shall perish in the flood. Thus Saint Ierom, by which it is as euident, that by the arke of Noe, hee understood the Chaire of Peter, the See of Rome, the Catholike church, or house of God: as by the house wherein the Lambe was to be eaten, & no where elle he meaneth the same. But to mike yp a three-folde knor, \* Saint Ciprian \* before

Eccles. 4.12.

feez. prel.

his time condinceth, faying: If any man, Epl. de (faith he) could escape out of Noes arke, alfo, who shall be out of the Church, shall escape, that is to say, just none. Then Noes arke is a figure of a truth to come, and that of the Catholike Church of the New Testament. Then let reason gather and beat out thence a proportion, for the Painter missed not, what is it ! euen this wee haue to laye, vz. that as Non arke faued a few within, the rest without generally perishing in the flood: So the true Church nowe faueth a few within from

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from the flood of finne, hell & damnation over-flowing the multitudes without : that flood a picture of this; that death a shad dow but to this; that vessell of faluation, a figure of this; all proportions correspondent, with different of as much the one from the other, as ought to be betweene the Piaure & the truth. Then fro hence no faluation out of holy church, more the out of Noes arke, faffie from the flood, yea, & that so much the more we ought to get within the church from the floods of talle professions, destroying without: Then they ought then to have runne out of the flood into the arke: By how much more the life of our foule faued in the Church, is before the life of our bodie faued in the arke, and not remaine without it the least momets by how much more the deluge of damnation to our foules without the church. is to be anoyded with speede, before, or aboue the death of our bodie in the flood of waters, out of the arke. And that these two Noes arke, & the Catholike Church, are correspondent, and like one the other in this (vz. that out of the

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no (aluation.) as the picture ought to be like the thing whose picture it is, and no exception or excuse to the contrarie, vnles that you faye S. Paule, S. Peter, S. Ierom, S. Cyprian &c. erred, who fo expounded, or that the proportion fayled in the Painter; God the maker of them both (which were blasphemie, and infidelitie) or which is worse of all, saie the truth is not yet come, and so with the Iewes expect a new Messias. Then from the first to the last, it remaines plaine, from this figure of the Arke, Hole Church to be the only vessel of saluation to our foules now, as Noes arke was to the bodies then the figure & the truth And no faluation out of the same now for our foules more then out of the ark then bodily fafty from the flood. Third lie, the Sinagoge of the Iewes and the Church of the Christians, are one kingdom or people of God, vnder two flate, as the childe and the same a man is on person, then from the one we may draw an annalogie or forme of the other. But in the Sinnagogue, none were admitted to the number of Gods people, who WCI

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were not by a visible marke in their fleth incorporated, " faying, a man- Genaras childe whose fore-skin is not cut off, or circumcided, let that soule perish from out of the people of God. That state and this are one Church or people of God, (befides circumcifion is a figure of our baptisme & penance. So auerreth Saint Ambrole faying, Thou feeft (faith hee) Lib.z. all the trackt of the Old law, to be a type in cap. 3. or a figure of the New: for, circumcifi- Luc. on fignifyeth the clenting from finne. If you aske howe sinnes are clensed in the Newe? by what marke? It is easie to answere; by Baptisme and penance: for of them it is saide (as before in circumcision) vnlesse you be borne againe " of Ioh.3.5 water, and the holy ghost, you shall not enter the kingdome of heauen, and if the grace of baptisme, by actuall finne happen (as vsuallie it doth) to bee lost, our necessarie purgation by penance, is inculcated in the lame maner, faying \*, \* Luo 13.3 vnlesse you doe penance, you shall perish altogether: that the truth and the figure; Baptisme, and christian penance, may fill vp the circumcifion, and no faluati-

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uation nowout of the Churches, bapt tilme and penance, more then out of the Sinnagogicall circumcision then : No place, or title otherwise had to be reckned among the people of God, vnlelle you faie as aboue faide: Therefore no where is faluation out of holy Church: Fourthly, the Temple of Ierusalemisa figure of the Church of the New To-Ser.252. Stament, witnesse first S. Augustine, faying, if we attend (faith he) faithfully; and live holilie and godlie whatfoeur is done in the temples made with hands is wholie in vs tulfilled by a spiritual edification: for he beleeved not who faid the Temple of God is holie, which you are. Secondly, lacobus de valentiam, vp-

pon the words in Plal. 147. Magnus De minus es: reports all the glories of that Temple, faying: all thefe things (faith he) were done in figure of Christ, and Holie church; and to discourseth ouerall the circumstances of the Temple, which were now too long to repeate. Then this part is prooued, that the Temple was a figure of the Catholike church, of the New Testament: Now looke to the pro-

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portion for the painter missed not. Inthat Temple onely , and no where elfe (without licence thence) all prayer, facrifice, diuine worship, was to bee done, by Gods appoyntment, and no where elle to his contentment : all other Churches erected besids, were revolted Samaritans, \*rebellious tribes, Teroboams camps, 3. Reg.u. calues, and altars, subject to endlesse mi- 27.31. ferie, led vnto eternall captivitie, by the Assirians, as wee reade, and neuer returned to their libertie againe. So then likewife in holie Church, onely God is honoured : and out of it, nothing to faluation, to his contentment, but all other fects, religions, conventicles, heriticall houses, subject to be led ( if they returne not ) by the diuels, into eternal captiuitie in hell, for their defection, and running out of Gods Church, his only holy house and temple. As it were by Salmanasser a punishment, so much more, the greater, by how much the truth excelles his picture:& so much as eternall captivitie in hel by diuels, is greater the the captivitie il death on earth by Assyriane, or teporal Princes; as there was the picture of this. Therefore we may hence also conclude,

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no saluatio to be out of one holy church \*Exo.12. Many other figures, pictures, or images there be, as the house of Iacob in Ægipt\* annoynted with the blood of the Lambe, fecured from the striking Angel passing by, and killing the first begotten of man

\*Exo. 15.4

and beafts, in every other house through all Egypt. The armies of Israel passing from Egypt by the red Sea\* and wilder nes to the land of promile, &c. Thele only go thorough the red Sea, passe the wildernesse, arrive at the Holy land of promise, none else, all other out of that companie, and vnsubdued; either drowned \*Exod. 5. 4 in the same, or perishing in the plagues of

Ægipt,&c. Finally \* ftrangers are forbit to be among it them, vuleffe they become Israelites: Therefore we may bouldly se downe this for an affured ground out of figures (as I promised) of the Old Testa ment, that no where is faluation out of one Holy Church. And fo I passet prooue the same by authoritie also of the New, that by both the lawes (as they fay) of the Old and New Testaments, God word, and divine authoritie, it may be conuinced, No where is faluation outd holy Church: and thus much out of the Old

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Olde Testament by it selfe: nowe to the New by it selfe also, as followeth.

CHAP. V.

Hat the same is manifest also by the 1 Newe, from comparison out of the New, likewise it is as euident. For as in the Old it was figured, prophefied, & painted out so to be. So in the New it by God, (who cannot speake idle, vainely, or freuolous) is compared to fuch things, as the comparison should be idle, vaine, and to none effect, vnlesse we hold this negatiue, vz. that no where is saluation out of one holy Church.

First, then the Church of the New Testament is compared to the citie of Ierufalem \* by S. Iohn faying : And I Iohn \* Apo.253 faw the holie citie of Ierusalem, new descending from heaven, as a spouse adorned for her husband; and I heard a voice from the throne, faying: Behold the tabernacle of God with men, and hee will dwell with them, and they thall bee his people, and hee shall be their God, &c. Wholoeuer ouer cometh (he faith a litle after) shal have these things, and I wil be to them a God, and they to mee childer: out the feard harted miscreants, & c. their

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proportion shall be in the lake burning with fire and brimftone, which is the fee cond death: thus S. lohn. By which words he plainely producth this poynt, vz.who are his people and citizens, and who bee not, those vz. that ouercome, the reft for hell rejected. And (which more ouer is to my purpole) the whole Church tryum. phant & militant, is called by the name Jerusalem; conformable to this, S. Augufine vpon these wordes of the Pfalme, 121. Ierusalem which is builded as a citie; Brethren (faith he) when Dauid fpale these wordes, that pertect citie was not builded. I know not then (faith hee) what perfect citie hee nameth which is nowe builded, vnto whom in faith, lively flond do runne: thus S. Augustine. What cite is this? furely the Catholike Church of the New Testament, compared and called Ierusalem, and perfigured by the Same. To this effect, lacobus de Valentia \* Fol.285 in his exposition of the Psalmes. It is plaine (faith he) that there is a threetold Ierusalem, one material, the seconde militant by grace, and the third tryumphant by glory. Therefore the Church and Icusalem, are compared togeather

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and that by God. The comparison then canot be idle, vaine, or without purpole, Then I collect this in comparison of the Gospell, " that who so abide within Ie- Lucie." rusalem, the walled citie of God, may line 30. in peace, & under Gods protection, &c. and who fo flie out, or remaine without, are like to fall into the handes of theeues and robbers, who will spoyle them, and wound them, and cast them by the waye fide, where they may lie in deadly wounds, till a Samaritan finde them, (a great chaunce being out of the way) and bynde vp their woundes, cast oyle and wine into them, fet them on horse, and carrie them backe to a stable of repentance, till they recouer againe. Therefore, if the comparison must hold; who so are within the Church are fafe, but who goe out thence to Iericho, that is to any mutable feet, or profession, changing as the Moone, interpreted; Ierichofall straight into the diuels handes, who will spoyle them of al former goodnes, wound them with deadly finne, and leave them by the way fide (that is) out of the state of faluation, where they may wallow in their blood, and remaine helplesse, till God (by C3

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(by extraordinary meanes) bring then to repentance againe. Therefore nothing but deadly finne, robberies, and robbers,

&c.out of holy Church.

\* Eph.4.

Secondly, the Church is compared to our Saujours body naturall, and is by a comparison thence called his body, (coceaue myfficall) faying: \* Chrift the Sauiour of his owne body. Now it is well knowen, euery man feeds, directs, and preserues his owne bodie, and not other bodies feede, nourish, &c. by the meate eaten from the head of an other body: but from that of the proper body, all other bodies die, wither, & decay for any food, &c. they recease but fro their own proper naturall head. Then in like maner Christ the Saujour of his owne bodie, the Church, and of none else, if the comparifon holde (as it cannot doe otherwise.) Therefore out of Holy Church, no Saluation, faith, &c. no parte of redemption from Christ the proper head, onely of his owne bodie: but all without, withered, dead, and starued bodies, cut off from their roote and head, and cannot live more then a bramble can bring foorth fruit or live, that is cut off from the tree.

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Tamthe Vine, \* (faith he) to confirme \* Iohn. 15. me this position) and you are branches, if 2.5. you remaine in me, you may bring forth much fruit, but if any remaine not in me, it is cut off, withereth, is tyed in bundels. and is cast into the fire: Therefore out of

holy Church no faluation.

Thirdly, God and Holie Church are compared to man, and his wife, " in the \* Eph. 5.26 Sacrament of mariage, faying: Be subject one to another, &c. because the man is head of the woman, as Christ is of the Church: Againe, they shall be two in one flesh. This is a great Sacrament, but I say, faith he, betweene God and holy church. In the Canticles , 2.101. God calleth her, venisponsa mea, & e. But where the Sacrament is lesse, vz.betweene man and wife, yet is it fo great, as a man cannot haue two wifes, nor a wife two husbands during their life; but the one shall beea strumpet, her childer bastards, and difinherited by all lawes from the title of inheritance. Therefore (vnlesse you say the comparison is idle & vaine, which were blasphemie) betweene God and Holie Church, where the Sacrament or vnion is greater, much leffe can there be at once

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two Churches of his, but one only his Doue and Spoule : none capable of ha marriadge bed, but one, all others, as heriticall Harlots subject to disdaine, and punishment, their childer illigitimate, & disinherited for euer of those heaven. ly promises, with high disdaine (if they returne not )euer punishable, & neuer remillable: & hence it is, that Bigamy, who haue had two wines, cannot be Priested, because they cannot represent Christs person (as a Priest doth) who hath but relation to one wife, holy Church. Therefore by these wee may also conclude, no faluation out of holy Church. Many mo Mat. 20.1 comparisons there be, as that the kingdome of heaven \* is like a man that hyred laborers to his vineyard, within who

laboured, got the penny at night; but

they without nothing. Secondly, it is cal-\*Luc. 8.22 led a Ship tolled with tempelts, \*within possibilitie of saftie from the Seaswithout is drowning. Thirdly, the church is compared to the kingdome of heaven, and fo tearmed: \* None now are in the glory & bliffe, but who are in heaven: Therefore none in grace or state of faluation heere,

but who are in this earthly kingdome, his

\* Mat. 13 22.

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Church It is finalic a sheep-sold, a field of corne, a house filled with the Holie Luc. 2. 7. ghost: a barne sul of corne, &c. \* &c. \* &c. \* Act. 2. 2 out, none of his sheep, but wolves, &c. denoured straglers or loss sheep: No corne, no Holie Ghost, &c. but barren weeds, empty worlds and damned earth. Therefore, not in every seas saluation, but onely inone holy Catholike Church. And thus much of the New Testament alone also, Now joyntly both out of the Olde and New, by proofes more direct, and expresse without either figure or coparison.

CHAP. VI.

T Hat the same is manifest also by euident & plaine testimonie, both from Oide and New Testament, with-

out figure or comparison.

There must be (saith our Lord) no halting, \* if God be God follow him, if Baal, \* Reg. 18. then follow him. How long will you halt 11. saith the Prophet, either with mee, or against me, saith our Lord: \* who denyeth Mat. 12.30 me before men (saith an other \*) I will \* Luc.9.16 deny him before my father, and his elected Angels, & be ashamed of those then which are ashamed of me nowe. No conucution \* between light and darknesse, \* 2 Cor. 19.

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truth and falshood, God and the divell, Apo.3.16 I would to God you were \* either, hotte, and with me, or colde, and against meet but being neither; but lucke-warme, I will vomit you out of my mouth. In

\* Deu.37 31.

Deuteronomen, \* the disobedient to the high Priest are to bessaine: Now tobe excomunicate, or cast out of the church. Saint Paule vieth this sword to Hammen

19.

and Alexander, \* Saying, Whom I have, (faith he) given ouer to Sathan, that they may learne not to blaspheame: then to be cast out, is to bee given to Sathan with out; yea truely, for the same Apostle ele

where \* faid: who are without, pertains Cor.5.12 not to vs in any thing; then till they re pent, returne, and get in againe, they be long to the duels kingdome without, deprived from all goodnesse within; from Sacrament, service, merits of Christs palfion, and communion of the Saints, that the olde prouerb taketh place, Os, a rare, vale, communio, mensa negatur: the Church may not praye with them, comuerle, &c. during their obstinacie. 0 death of the flesh, and deliuerance vp to Sathan ! how cruell art thou? and verily performed by excommunication vpon a heriVI D

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heriticks and scismaticks, &c. out of the Church.S. Cyprian shal declare for me\*, faying: God commaunded (faith he) in ad Pomp. Deuteronomen, to be flaine, those which cap, 17. were disobedient to the Priest, for their time ruling the Sinagogue, then the difobedient were flaine with the sworde, when carnall circumcision was. But now because it became spirituall to the seruants of God, with a spirituall sword, the disobedient are saine, whilft they are excommunicate and throwne out of Gods Church, and being without, they cannot liue, seeing Gods house is but one, & saluation to none, but to those of the house. So accordeth also the great Doctor, saying; the keyes of heaven (faith he) christ fo gaue to his Church , that he faid , not I.m adne. only, what you loofe in earth, is loofed in leg. cap. heauen: but addeth, what you binde in 37. earth, is bounde in heaven: now it is well knowen, that the Church bindeth all the excommunicate, & openeth to none but to the penitents, that seeke to submit their consciences by confession to the keyes, and not to al them neither; for that of, and to the Church it is faide, Manie are called \* but few (through their owne Marso.16 fault)

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Church. If you say that sword of excommunication, is blunt, & without edge, we feele it not, &c. Heere S. Augustue is more grieuous then to be given ouer to wilde beasts, to be absumed by fire, & so much more grieuous, then the sworde of the Olde Law; by how much the life of our source of greater losse then the life of our bodies taken away by the materi

all fword, vied in the Smagogue. Hence

the Church, let him bee as an Heathen man, publican, or common offender, re-

tempe you, contempe me. Hence reuse rend antiquitie conceiued that just and holie feare, against the curses of Holie Church, by the example of Alexandr

that by so hard and sharp correction, the foule (perhaps repenting) might beefaued, against the day of our Lord. Again, none shall be crowned, but who string

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Apoc, that their portion shall be in the lake that burneth with fyre and brimstone, which is the second death. Therefore by plaine argument from both the pages, it may be let downe for an vnremooueable tentence: No where is faluation out of holy Church, which might bee prooued through all the particulars requilite to intigrait our faluation, as the Holie Ghost, Christs merrites, profession of right faith, hope, charitie, duties, Sacraments, &c. all which are in Holic Church, and no where elle to be done to Gods contentment, or founde, that only one house is filled with the holy Ghost, all the rest emptie: one vine, in which the branches make fruit (Christs Church) all others cut off withering , &c. Therefore, out of one Holy Church, no faluation, no remission of sinnes, no Holie Ghost, no Justice nor fanctitie, no martirdome with out, but just punishment, as might be enlarged by orthodoxall proofes. Therefore by all proofes, reason, and authority, both of mans and Gods, both in the Old

and New Testament, by figures, compa-

risons, and plaine restimonies; no where is

faluation out of holy Church.

CHAP.

CHAP. VII.

DVc that is the Romain and Catholike DChurch, therefore out of her no faluation, as shall be prooued in the next part. For take a Pigeon and Rauen, & let them (as Noe did in figure) flye abroad out of the arke or Catholike Romaine Church, and they shall finde no resting place from the waters of the flood (finne and herefie) till they returne to the arke, or Catholike Romaine Church againe, vnlesse with the Rauen (as some worldly men do) they content themselves to fall, & rest vpon carrion : For a while floting, drowning, and swimming in the water without, as shall bee prooued. And thus much of the first part or treatile, discovering the arke from whence the flight is made; now to the second part, the flight it felfe, as followeth.

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## THE SECOND

Discovering the flight it selfe, and the enchaunted Castle, towre, or deluge by the anatomie or view of an heritical bodie, the drowned Carrion in the same, over which they flight.

Deuided into 11. Chapters.

CHAPTER L

Directeth vs by way of entrance into the seconde part following, as a Preface to the fame.

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Auing discouered the marke H from whence this motion or flight began; we ought by order to shew the flight it selfe,

and with all to shew that it is over drowned carrions in waters, sinne, and damnation, the inchaunted castle, or deluge, without rest or securitie, vnlessethey returne againe to the arke or Church, from whence they flew or run out. This must

be done by propoling all other feets, it ligions, supposed arkes, towres, and velfels of faluation, mif-called churches; & fee if there in any of them, the Pigeon br Rauen may finde place to rest their foot fecurely, in or no; whether a good foule, or cormorat worldling may fleep foundly, & in hope of faluation from the flood of finne or damnation rayning, & drowning all abroad out of Noes arke (the Catholike Romane Church) in the fame, Or that all other Churches, protestanticall, Calumifticall, inchaunted Castles, Towres, or deluges, &c. bee but drowned carcases, by water, finne, and here fie,&c.drowning all the world, without that one holy Catholike Romain church, the onely arke or vessell of faluation, as was meant, and as wee flande to prooue the which to do the better, it shall be me quifite, first to make a view of all other fects or professions in this our flight, and fee what is in them, to give our judgmet in the premisses: which is performed in the next chapters; and finding nothing in them but drowned casks, the caust will appeare, that the Church we meant of, can be none elfe, but the Romaine cas tholike

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tholike, and that shee is yet in request, as after in his place shall be consumed.

CHAP. II.

That it is necessarie in the viewing of all other sects, to make an annatomie, deussion, resolution, or disconery, that Pigeons may see (flying ouer) which is the flood, and which is the resting place, or arke from

whence she tooke her flight.

THe annatomy of all other fects must 1 bein those parts whereof they are compounded. This is manifest by ageneral principle in sence & reaso, vz.euery. body, or whole subfistat, compounded of parts, is wel anatomized (if into the same beresolued, deuided, &c ) into those parts whereof it was compounded, iuduction through all particulars wil beare me out: So first we finde without exception in all natural bodies. First, in the celestial orbs, planets, stars: secondly, foure elements, fire, ayre, water, and lande; who by true Philosophical devision, are resoluted into a certaine matter & forme, whereof they were compounded: thirdly, in al terrestriall bodies comprehending the multituds of al corporal creatures, copounded of the fame element, & distinguished into ma-DY

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my kindes or natures, as fifth, with their differences, beaftes of all forts, and birde of rare multiplisitie; metcors of the ayre. minerals in the earth, stones, trees, fruits. &c.and man the litle worlde, for his perfection, called every creature. \* All thefe in their genders and kindes in great mulsitudes, by the mixtion of the foure elementes compounded, are also into the same resolued againe. Fourthly, in artificiall bodies, it is no lesse apparant, & allo in politicke corporations, bodies compofed by art or lawe of nations, who imitating and perfiting nature, observe the fame maner in their constitutions & re folutios: Art composing (as for example) houses, shippes, bridges, with other low infinite of builded bodies. The Lawe of nations compounding many corporate ons; as Empires, kingdoms, cities, with many other Societies or bodies ecclesia sticall, citil or politike companies: who likewise are fitly resolued, into the part of their composition, as in Artificiall be dies the house, into lime, stome, timba iron, glaffe, &c. whereof it was edificed in civill bodies, the common wealth in the Prince, Bishop, Magistrat, subjects cla

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elerzy, nobility, gentle, yeoma, artificers, warriers, &c. by which, as by members is was compounded. Al bodies without exception are wel annatonized (if they bee devided) into parts of their compositions wherein they were made one, and receive their integrity, wholenes, or constitution. Now to apply this general to our particullar, I suppose that al men (of what sect soeuer amongst vs, that be called christias) do confes Gods church militant on earth tobe a common wealth, & as a body polink, confisting on mebers of men, & holy religion, as matter & forme: therfore it ought to be resolued into the same, who vnited, vndeuided, did compounde the whole ministers of every feet, say they, & their followers, are this church, they, and their religion copound his temple:therefore, I aduise them to builde with good stuffe, & bring decent parts, or elaments, to compound their mangled quintelsens towre, of profession of their holy, pure, & vnspotted brotherhood, or else not to bee offended with me, if they be ashamed of their mingle-mangle : for I must needes vie my trade, & make an anatomie, view; ordifcourry of their corporatios, to disco-

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wer the flood of finne and herefie, the in chanted towre or castle from the arke or church of God, that Pigeons may know where to rest their feete, whilst Rauens fit feeding vpon drowned carcalles with out

## CHAP. III.

That the annatomy is well made into foure parts. vz.first into borowed opinions from the arke or Church: secondly, into pure negatives: thirdly, into olde heresies renewed, and fourthly, into absurd positions,

N the description of which, I purpole

or blast hemies.

by the sharpe sworde, of Gods twoedged sword, so to deuide betwixt the fell and the flesh; the marrow and the bone \* of these their builded congrega-\*Heb.4.14 tions, that passing by the skin and outward appearance, you shall see and view discouered the hidden and secret parts in fuch reasonable multitudes, that you will not hardly bee brought to my opinion And that none shall be able to accuse me of brags: thus I proceed to performe my promise; suerring, that by my arte, I can finde their body compounded, of the foure parts or elements only, vz. first of bor-

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borrowed opinions: secondly, of pure negatives : thirdly, of olde herefies raked vp from hell: and fourthly, of abfurd pofinons, or open blasphemies, and of none elfe; the which being annatomezed, they are only to be resolued, as the onely parts of the compositions from whence, as fro foure elements, fuch an ishew, of mixtions, or of abfurd conclusions springeth, that you shall rather see a flood of hell, an enchaunted Babilonian towre, then any resting place, till you returne (ynlesse a Rauens morfell will content you) to the arke againe, the Catholicke Romaine church, from whence by herefie they die, depart, as shall be declared, in their seuerall Chapters .

CHAP. IIII.

That all these following, are borrowed opinions or customes from the Catholike Church. They borrow thence, First, one God omnipotent, &c. 2. Trinitie, 3. Creator, 4. Angels, 7. Angels fall. 6. Adams fall. 7. Paradise. 8. Redemption. 9. Meanes of Redemption. 10. Canonical Scriptures. 114 Fathers, 12. Councells. 13. That faith is necessarie, 14. Preaching

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ing of the word. 17. Vertues to beefold lowed . 16. The Creede to bee beleeved 17. The Pater nofter to be faide. 18. Hope and feare, 19. The ten Commandement in their Quyares, 20. Charitie to be both to God and man, 21. Works of mercy exhorted vnto, 22. Religion to God. 23. Inwarde worshippe by meditation, faith. 24. Outwarde by prayer, preaching, fa-Aing a litle. 25. Religion to other things in respect of God, as some holy daies, Some holy places, as Church or Church. yeardes, polluted by mans seede, or blood-shedde, Holy persons, or a kinde of Clergie; Bishoppes, Deanes, Pris bends, &c. 26. Honours to superious, 27. Lawes of man, ecclefiasticall, civil, with some obedience to the same required, 28. The foure Cardinall vertues to be had, as Prudence, Temporace, Fortitude and Iustice. 29. The eight beatitudes in some vse.30. The seauen gifts of the Holy Choft. 37. The twelve fruites of the fama 32. That there bee vices apposite to the fame, as the seauen deadly sinnes, & c.33 To dehort from sinne, idolatrie, superstie tion, infidelitie, herefie, falle-feruice, a worthip, prelumption, despaire, swearing, pet-

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perjurie, blasphemy, malediction, petfidy, sacriledge, rebellion to superiors, disobedient, murther, injustice, thest, robberie, cosinage, vsurie, detraction, enuy pride, adultery, seachery, slooth, coueteousness, wrath, &c. 34. That Christ was incarnate, 35. Both God and man, with the reste of the Creede almost. 36. That there is a Church. 37. Pastors. 38. Sacraments. 39. Baptisme, 40. The Lords supper in name, 41. Resurrection. 42. Judgment. 43. A hell, 44. A heaven. 45. Punishment for vice, with such like doctrines.

Now to customes borrowed, First the Tearmes or names for the featons of the yeare:as Christean-Masse, Candle-masse &c.Octabis Hillarie, &c. Secondly, titles of the Clergie as Bishoppes, Deane, Prebende, &c. 3. Titles of our rights, as Bishoppricks, Dioces, Deaneries, Chanceries, Prebendaries, Parishes, Churches, Benefices, Chapters, Bishopps Court, canon law. 4. our habit, corner cap, tippet gownes, surplices, coopes, &c. 5. Sauing the fellon by the booke, in honour of our dergie, and hanging the clarke condemned at his elbow. 6. Our prayers turned into Engluh.7. Bells. 8. Organes, y et fome where

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where in vie. 9. Our tunes in the Pfalmer in the Quiers. 10. Faires at the memories of Saincts, as at Benerley, at the Feast of Sande IOHN of Benerly &c. 11. Our Kalender of Sainctes, 12. Some Proces. fion in the Croffe-weeke or daie: 13. Of feringes of Waxe, Halfe-pennies, Cri-Somes, Holie-bread-siluer, &c. 14. Paying of the tents.15. Churching of wemen, 16. The precepts of our Church, as some Fasting dayes, Holy dayes, Vigils, receauing at Easter, forbid to marrie in Lent, Ember dayes, Frydaies, &c. yet generally almost in vie. 17. Hospitals. 18. Customes of the Vniuersities, vz. the old maner of making Masters of arte, liceciats, doctors, dirige money, morning Maffe promiled be heard, &c. 19. Externall gouernment by Excommunications, citations, out of our Cannon law, 20, Ceremonies Catho like in the Parliment, Coronation, oath of the Knights of S. George, &c. Feafts of S. George. 21. The title of Defendor of the the Fanh. 22. The vie of the Croffe in the Crowne and coyne vncast away yet. 23. Washing of Poore-mens feete on Mandaie Thursday. 24. Singing in the Quiers yet, 25. A fashion of holy Orders.

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26. A forme of Confession & absolution in the Elder fort of Communion books 27. Receauing fasting. 28. Olde rites of mariage, asking the banes, &c. 29. Some thew of olde burials, and many customes for the same, &c. all which to bee borrowed from vs, is more manifest then is needfull to be prooued. Now wee profesfing thefe, and having benein vie, and pollession of these a thousand yeare ere you began, being but our childer, descenting from vs but the other day, choofinge and refusing out of the whole, what you pleased (as wormes do in a new cloath) which is called herefie. I argue thus, borrowed stuffe is not the borrowers, but theirs from whence it is borrowed. Then can you not by these, offer any rest to the flying Pigeon, fure and permanent; though perhaps the Rauen content with carrion ) might repose himself a while: But not long for the party whence thele were borowed, vsurped rather then lent, calling in his owne, leaueth both the Pigeon, and the Rauen without a footestoole in the waters : therefore, no resting heere till they returne to the arke or Romaine Church againe, the first and true

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owner of these their vsurped and bore rowed opinions, dostrines and customes, especially, if they prooue no better then to be a showe of godlinesse, without the substance and trueth thereof indeede, is theepes coate, vsurped against the owners will, couring an inwarde Woolfe indeede. But so they doe, as in the new Chapters.

CHAP. V.

Hat as thele afore faid (true & found in the Catholike faith and Church) are notwithstanding in their mouthe, not onely borrowed or taken, as is faide But moreouer, against the owners willa bused, and made a flight showe \* or colour of godlinesse, without the truth and Substance of the same : a baite, & sheeper coate \*to hide the lurking poyfon, or hidden wolfe, withall, to paynt out worldly, a faire outlide to colour, the other poylo ned infections withall, of meere negatiues, olde herefies, and blasphemious positions, and so can be no resting place, except to Rauens, that content them-Selues with carrion, worldly wealth, and lusts, flooting in this drowning flood, the

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At the first sight, some perhaps will thinke this incredible, that any should be foforgetfull or deceitfull; yet if wee confidder the holy Scriptures, " we shal finde " Mae. 26. that fuch are foretolde to come, shameles 11. mockers, judglers, painted outlides, cunnicatchers, & lops geats, leapers of mingled complexions or doctrine: Apes imi- Pet. 1. 1% rating men \*: Our Church : bruit beafts Ind. 10. blaspheming what they know not, and corrupting fuch as they feeme to knowe: running like the Crab backwarde, til they be pure droffe\*. Who as S. Paule faith\* Tim.2.19 haue a showe, colour, maske or glittering . 2. Tim. 3: of godlinese, and denie the vertue, substance, or veritie thereof, holding \* a truth inimpletie, or injustice :ministers of injultice, inuested vinder a visard of pietie or godlines, inuegled by the holy spirits, (forfooth true Sathans ) \*transformed to Gal. 2.6 angels of light, yet heritickes, choosers, Cor. 1 3.144 (that is to faye ) and refusers, after their

& deuourers of planted precedent good-

nes:\Voolues, finalie in theeps cloathing:

old herefies, coloured ouer with the chur-

angels of light, yet heritickes, choolers, Cor. 1 (that is to laye) and refusers, after their owne prinate fancie; destroyers, no builders, but as Ægiptian vernim corrodors,

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50 ches doctrine & customes in some think reserved vncast off. But such bee thele that make profession in the premisses,out of the arke, holy Catholike Church. For first as thence, they had their bodies, lives, heritages, educations, &c. fo had the knowledge of the aforefaid : and fecondly, moreouer against their parents will (holy Church) they made revolte, as Li ther and Caluin, once Catholike Romain Priests, and vsurped of their doctrines,&

customes (though which discord one fo an other ) against the owners will and minde, who by Catholike education, and other manifolde meanes endeuored n preserve them still within the arke, but could not , they running out of vs: \* be lohiz.19 causethey were not of vs; and once m out, they launched into the flood, thate uen truths in their mouthes, became but Thewes, colours without substance, drowned carcasses, and no perfite verities, di

Theepes cloathing, pastorall habit, deny

ed in veritie, as hereafter; couering negative

tiues, olde herefies, and blasphemies, a

fertions, which make the Woolfe vncs

uinations, gessings, fixions \* humain fancies or lyes, not like the lawe\* of God 1

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CHAP. VI.

That after the borrowed good things by the owner be taken awaye, the sheepes coate drawen over their eares, nothing remaining to repose a flying Pigion, but the other three parts before mentioned, which is the Woolfe, ve. negatives, olde heresies, and blasphemous positions, which can yeeld no rest for Pigeons, but to Rauens, cotented with carnon in the flood.

This is manifest in the Annatomie, chapter 3. where I auer all their bodie to belong by resolution to one of these source parts: and if it be not so, let exceptions be given to the contrarie: none can except, then may you see the Woolfe. For these three particular parts, are so openly erronious, distractive, and absured, that the parties informed therewith, can bee nomore defended, from being ravening, Woolfes vnder the Sheepes coate of borrowed opinions cast off, which is, the enchaunted castle discovered, a most perfixe, generall, and drowning slood of sin, heresic and vngodlines, rayning al where

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which onely is carried in the midfle which onely is carried in the midfle which onely is carried in the midfle whele waters, wherein lie nothing but carrions (that is) worldlings, heriticks, fell maticks, bad-livers, drowned in the flow of herefie or finne, &c. as yet no Pigeon can finde a resting place: though Raues that is, worldlings, finde some carrion, that is, worldlings, finde some carrion, that is, worldlings finde some carrion, that is, worldlings finde some carrion, that is, wherewith they content them, selves a while, in the waters among the other dead carcasses, as shall be product in the chapters following.

CHAP. VII.

That the second member is of purent gatives, whereon no resting place can be had from the stood. So I affirm, in general, chapter 3, and now in particular am to make good, as this Table so lowing will easilie convince. For first the conspire in this negative or distructing disapidations of the Church of God. And to omit the Athistes, swarmings mong the sectaries; out of the Romain Church, who denie, ruinate, or cast dom the principall pillars or foundations of the church or Church saying, no God, in here

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no Heaven, no Hell, no immortalitie, nospirits, no resurrection, no judgment, no life everlafting, no rewards for vertue, nor punishment for vice: cmitting these as the droffe or ripenefle of herefie, building upon a no or nothing. My purpole is to thew the negative building of heriticks, saying: Fuff, no Tradition or words ynwritten: Secondly, 1.0 authoritie to Fathers, Councels: 3. no interpreter of Scripture: 4. no judge of controuerfies: 1, the Pater nofter and Aue no prayers, 6. no obseruing of the Ten Commaundements possible or needfull. 7. no good workes necessarie. 8.no Angels guardiens 9.no free-will 10.nothing but faith onely. 11.no feare of God. 12. no Images.13. no honour to Saints. 16. no reuerence to holy things. 17. no relicks. 18. no holy Croffe. 19. no confecrations, or benedictions.20. no holy water. 21. no holy bread.22. no holie syle, candles, fanctuarie, churches. 23. no holy daies.24. no fasting daies.2 c. no virgin Marie. 26. no descending of Christinto hell. 27. no Limbus parrum or captivitie captine led thence, 28. 110 Catholike, visible Church. 29. no euill member in the ame.30.no constant church 31.no lasting Church

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Church, but failling. 32. no infallable church, but erring. 33. no Communion of Saints, between quick and dead. 34. no forgiuenes of fins, but couering ouer like painted Sepulchers accurfedby ourLord 35.no 7. Sacraments. 36.no grace inherent wrought by them, to the purgation of our Soules from sinne to fanctitie.37. no neede of baptisme, 38, no original fin to be clead therby.39.no reall presence, or body ofour Lord in the Sacrament.40.nomerits.41.no damnation, but for infidelitie. 42. no veniall fins. 43. no particular judgment at our death, 44.no Purgatorie. 45. no degrees of glory in heaven. 46.no degrees of painer an hell. Finally, nothing in fubstance of a she other borrowed doctrines, in the chapter; but onely a thew of godlines, or Theepes coate, as shall be in place particularly more opened. Heere is a goodly Gen. 31.3 Towre or confusion of Babilon, a stately church, enchaunted castle or building called rubbidge, or a lump of ruins:as ita thunder-bolt or divell should have come to Paules, and burne firste downe the broach, then the leads: & then the Turk should come and throwe downe the vppermost stones, and so downwarde to the again

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foundation, and say not this stone in the building, nor this, nor this: but a huge chaos of ruine, sinne, destructio, of Gods house, religion; a stood of damnable hesses, drowning the worlde, ruinating all goodnes, destroying the arke, for so much as lyeth in their power: a deluge full of drowned carcasses, herefies, nothings, a place for Rauens to rest, but not for Pigeons: indeede, who slying ouer, cannot rest upon nothing, till they returne to the arke again, the Catholik Romane church from which they slewe, were demist, or run out to trye the waters, deluges, & deepe enchauntments.

CHAP. VIII.

That the third member of the enchaunted body annatomized, conteyneth a rabble of old condemned herefies, new scowred, broched (and as it were) raysed againe from hell, whereon notrue Pigeon can rest her soote, till shee returne to the arke, Gods Church againe. Euen as the Spider repaires her broken nets, to catch the litle Flies, so doth the enimie (as some decelts are discourred) broach newe denises or cullers of deceit gain: Heresies from time to time, who

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like Sampsons Foxes, \* agreeing by the tailes, that is, in one end, purpole, or intention, to trouble the arke, which huge waters of persecution, and yer the Morefco or daunce they make, is fo noted by that small vnitie, and fire-brandes of difcention betweene, that not only by their denision they destroy the corne of the Church to their power, but euen are of. ten forced to renewe the old Morescoof rotten errors, of condemned heriticks for God again, notwithstanding, their know. en condemnation, and other firebrands, or deuision in other poynts, of one from an other: but their follie also must be knowen to all men, as theirs was, \* and thus it takes a proceeding. These were old condemned herefies, as witneffe holy fathers, teaching God, Christ the church, law, faith, works, Sacraments, &c. Andn begin our induction, this was an old here sie in the yeare of our Lorde, 194. in the Adamits, vz. that the Church was a pare dife (that is without fin) or euill & good mingled:as the Assuritans, in the yeared our Lord God 358. witnesse of the Ada mits. Epipiher 80. and of other Donatills Affuritans, s. Aug. l. 3. cont. epe. par. affirm Mal

\* Tim.3.8

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as condemned in the Bagaren councell: But this is now by them maintained, as an especiall controuersie of this time, as in every controversist, is to bee scene: therefore secondly, all things to happen by falte or necessitie: Ineuitable was an old heresie. 163. in the Badisonists, witnesse S.Aug.lib.de here. cap.35. But this is nowe rife euery where in their doctrine of predestination, to put all vnder a decree or necessitie, without mans freedom & cooperation. Therefore they confift vppon old herefies. 3. That euill was not from mans free-will or election, but by nature and that man had no free-will, was an old herefie. 408. Infortunatus, and 394. in louinian, witnes against Fortunatus. Aug. lib.cont. Fortinatus, S. Aug. and S. Ier. cont. loumian. But this is one of your documets therefore. 4. To make Apostasie from the Romaine Catholike faith, was old herefie orapostasse in the highest degree in Licivius. anno. dom.312. & in Iulian Emperours. anno dom.357. witnesse Nicepb.lib.7. eccle. histrap.44. So witnesse Niceph. of Iulian. lib.10.cap.3. with others; who tell of the hatred he had to Christ his crosse, Priests Masse, &c. But this is your cause in a ma-

manner. c. To teach it lawfull, to denie Christ in persecution, was an old heresie in the Eschisets, an. dom. 236. witnesse Eus. bb.6.cap. 28. This is now the practife, with nesse the worlde: howe many of Marchants in Italie, Spaine, &c. forfake their profession, and come like Apesor Athiftes to our Churches againste their faith, if they had any? how many Ministers for benefice fake, weare the Surples, &c. and consent to the practise of Protestants, against the faith of their Puritanilme: therefore. 6. To denie Canonical bookes of the holy Scripture, was an olde herefie of the Ebinoits, ann. dom. 80. witnes S. Ire.lib.1. aduer s. her. cap. 26. So doe these now at their pleafure, refuling some, and except of others : Neither respecting anon, for those they denye, nor haue for those that they doe allow of: therefore,, To contemne Monkes, Monasteries, and Monasticall life, was an old herefie in the Apostolicie, anno dom. 199. with others, witnesse S. Tho. lib. 3. cont. Gent. cap. 127. & in the Balatians, anno dom. 352. witnesses Aihanas.in the life of S. Anthony: but this is the fashion now, that I neede not more impo to proone it:therefore. 8. To denie prayer, obla-

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oblations, for the dead, in vnity of the Church, was an old herefie in the Arians anno dom, 341. witnesse S. Aug. lib. de here. cap.35. faying : For hee with his ministers, despileth the sacrifice offered for the dead, and Masses to be applyed, for their sinnes, and satisfaction. And in the Acephali, anno dom. 494. witnesse Nicep. lib. 18. hist. cap. 45. And Albigensibus renued, anno dom. 1126. as Priteolus titulo Albigenses. But so doe these nowe teach and sweare: therefore. 9. To forbid the honour and inuocation of Saints, was an old herefie in Vigilantius, anno dom. 402, witnesse S.Ier.in his works against Vigilantius. But such is the blast of these mens spirits now also:therefore, 10. To teach faith onely to suffice, was an old herefie in Euconius, an. dom. 363. witnesse S. Aug. lib. de heres. cap. 14.aboue saide. But thus they teach now adaies also, therefore, & c.11. To account virginitie as equal but with mariage, was an old heresie in Basilides, anno dom. 124. witnesse S. Ier. lib. 2. aduer s. Ioum. anno dom. 395. But this is the doctrine now, yea, fuperadding that that state is altogether non impossible therefore.

ye. 12. To affirme our B. Ladie to haue bla• loft E 3

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lost her virginitie, after the birth of her first sonne, and to have had children and carnall dealing with her husband, S. Iofeph, it was an old herefie in the Antidis comaritans in Heluidius. Ioui. and Nest. an dom.395. witnesse S. Aug. lib. de her. and for Heluid.anno dom. 395. witnesse Genuadim and Epiphanins, as in Prateolus tit. Elindii, But this is the madnesse of some of these new spirits now also: therefore. 13. To fall the Sunday was on old herefie of the Enstachians, anno.dom. 320. witnesse Nice. in his history, leb. 9. cap. 16. this is the Puritaine fashion now: therefore. 14. To keep no fet daies of fast, nor choise of meates, was an old herefie in the Abstinents, am, dom,189. witnesse Philastes apud Pratelum tit.abstinentes. And in Iovinians anni dom.395. witnesse S. Ierome in a booker gainst him, and S. Aug. lib. de her. cap. & And in Agapetians, anno. dom. 395. Withis S. Ierome lib. ad Ctephonen aduer sos Pelag And in the Arrians, anno dom. 342. with Hosius lib.z.cont. Breutium. But this is the practife and spirit now, as is manifest: Lents, Vigils, Ember-daies, nor Fridat fast, but eate faste among the Puritant foot therefore. 14. To abhor Churches, altas plus In

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Incense, Chalices, vestments, or Churchstuffe, Images, &c. was an olde heresie in Faustus the Manichei, anno dom. 407. witnes S. Aug. lib.20. sont. Fauftu. but fo they vie them now also: therefore, &c.15. To offer the facrifice of our Lordes body in bread and cheefe, was an old herefie condemned in the Artiritie, anno dom. 181. witnes S. Aug. lib. de her. aboue saide, and Epihanius. But not onely now sometimes in bread and braggat, some have made their Supper of the Lord (as they call it) but generally, have denyed the name & substance of all sacrifice: therefore, &c. 16. To deny the facrifice of the Masse to bee auayleable for the quicke and dead, was an olde herefie in the Arrians, anno dom. 342. witnes S. Aug. lib. de her.cap. 53. and to deny, scorne, or contemne the solemne Canticles of the Masse, was another old herefie in the Hilarians, Arrians, anno do. 400. witnes S. Aug. lib.2. retrait Ca.11. To call it the diuels facrifice, was an olde herefie in the Bogonigles, anno dom, 1179, Witnes Euth. second part, Pamiop. tit.23. But to all these, our newe men now set foote, and too much more, with an ouerplus: Therfore, &c. 17. To deny the Sacraments

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ments, was an olde herefie in the Catheria Stians, anno 279. Witnes S. Aug. lib. de her. eap. 46, aboue named; so do our new men (excepting two Sacramets were in name only ) without substance, they seeme to allow of: therefore. 18. To denie the Sacrament to work, in our disposed souls, grace and forgiuenes of finne, was an olde herefie, anno 640, in the Armenians, witnes Prateolus tit. Armeni.in Eleucho. So these new spirites, teach and auerre, denying all inherent grace and justification, attributing all to faith only, as is wel knowen: therefore, &c.rg. To denie Baptisme to be necessarie to clense vs from orginall sin, was an old herefie in the Pelag. anno 405. witnes S. Aug. lib. de her. Cap. 88. To deny the rites and ceremonies in the same, was an olde heresie in the Acephelians. anni 494. witnes Nice.in hift.lib. 18. Cap.45.To fay we may be otherwise sanctified, then by baptisme, was an olde heresie in the Adelphians, anno 368, witnes the same Nicep.in his Ecclesiasticall historie. lbb.11. ca. 14. and Theoderite in his tripartie his storie, lib. 7.e. 11. But our newe minister preach these points, saying: The children of Christian Parents, are else sanctified they

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they need not baptisme, and if they do it, the Crosse and other ceremonies, are friuolous, &c: therefore. 20. To deny holie Crisme, was an old heresie in the Donatists, anno 358, witnes Lindanus sui dubdali: fecondly, out of S. Optatus : So doe our Donatists now: therefore. 21. To denie Penance and confession to the lapsed was an olde heresie in Nouatians, anno 255. witnes Nicep. lib.6. Cap. 3. but ours, not onely to the lapfed, but to all denye that Sacrament, to be of valour or force at all, as is well knowen, though in the first Communion bookes they set downe a forme, for the contrarie: therefore. 22. Toparte man and wife, with freedome to marrie againe, was old herefie in the Priscillanists, witnes S. Aug. lib.de.heres. cap. 70. but so teach and practise our newe gospellers now therefore, &c.

23. That God was the author of finne, was an olde herefie in the Blasians, anno 182. witnes Euseb. Cesar. hist. ls. 5. Cap. 20. & S. Ieren. li. de quod Deus non six autor malis. But so teacheth our gospellers, saying: God made concupiscence, and concupiscence is sinne neuer taken away, but al-

waies remaining, &c. therefore.

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24. To vsurpe episcopall dignity, function on, jurisdiction, and title against the will of the precedent Bishops or authoritie, was old herefie and schisme in the Mole. frans, anno 311. Witnes Socratus. lib. 1. Cap. 28.and Nicep.lib.8. Cap. 5.19.and 46.in the Ecclesiasticall histories. But so do these new Cleargie, as is manifest, therefore they renewold herefies, and confequently may give no found footing to any fly. ing Pigeon which was the question.

CHAP. IX.

That the fourth element, member of parte of the heriticall body annatomized & disprooued, is a bundell of godles diabolicall or blasphemous positions, If all had bene negatives or old herefies, without some positive assertions, their bodie would rather have bene some fichon, thimera or eastle in the ayre. But now to giue you to feele a bodie, as it were d fiesh and blood, and that they are not altogether inuifible, as spirits; they offer vs the touch, faying (as it were) with Christ, Palpate, & videte, quod spiritus carnem\* & ossa non haberent sicut me habere videtii, (that is) touch and see, spirits have no Adl

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fielh and bone, as you fee mee haue. And if you demaund the touch, beholde there be the substance, and positive, constitution on. First, God is author of sinne. 2. al happeneth by necessitie vnauaileable.3. concupiscence is sinne, in the regenerar.4. all mens actions are sinne. s. all sinnes mortall a like.9. worship or honour due to diuine excellencies, communicant to creatures is Idolatrie.7. fins not clenfed, but couered as painted sepulchers, 8, a Trul that hath many childer, is either bet ter or as good as our bleffed Ladie, the Soueraigne Queene of heaven, and Empresse Gods mother alwaies Virgin. 9. Scriptures are easie, and expound themselues ro. Should bee in English for every mans reading and censure. 11. the olde translations little ysed, and so decayed: better the these in daily vse by the church drawen out thence, by the auncient learned fathers . 12. Predestination without mans free endeuour, with Gods grace, preuenting, and cooperating to the same. 13. Fast from sinne, & eate fast on fasting. daies.14. what goeth in at the mouth, defileth not the foule, in that fence. 1 c. drunkenes and gluttonie, nor Eues apple hurs

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vs not. 16. Divinitie suffered. 17. Christ despaired on the Crosse. 18. was extinguit Thed or absorbed. 19. indured the tormets of hel therupon.20. that faith is our whole justificatio. 21. infidelitie, our soule onely damnation.22.that we are fure of faluan. on.23. that faith once had, cannot be loft, 24. the church is inuifible. 25. may faile, 26.may erre. 27. the Pope antichrist. 28, better for all forts of people to marrie, the to burne (in their fence,)&c. which have so palpable obsurdities, and damnable waters of the drowning flood, and the professors so perfite carrion, or drowned soules, that out a-lasse, for pittie and woe: no rest or securitie, among them can bee had, the true Pigeon flyingouer, cannot safely repoole her selfe, or finde a staye (the Rauens may a while in worldly wealth and vanitie, feede, till The returne to the arke again. These four elements, parts or members, composing the flood, or sectaries without, are so perfite, ouer-flowing waters, with the inundacion of finne, herefie, and damnation, inuolling all without, that no bootefor Pigeons to feeke rest, but speedely return againe, especially, considering the conclu-

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chilions, and absurdities that followe thence by the mixtions, sactions of the said source elements together, which in next chapter shalbe declared.

CHAP. X.

Hat of these foure elements, or parts I of an heriticall bodie, flow such a mixtion, mingle-mangle, contradictions. absurdities, and heresies, as that no Pigeon without, among them, can take rest, til she returne to the arke, holychurch againe. As from the mixtion of the foure elements, earth, water, ayre, and fyre, refult the multitudes of all creatures vnder the Moone, in their genders & kinds. So dare I saye, from the foure aforesaide parts of the malignant Church, flow fo many conclusions, taking dije of their principles, that the like disorder, and horror is not so to be found out of hell:where is the rype daie, and fruite of all impietie, euermore in habiting : alasse for pitpie! will none preuent that verity of perfite horror? see the shaddow of death in the premisses. For I auouch, that hence it springeth into such a gastly forme, as may wel deter thence, & fright al (but Raues)

to feeke an other resting place, \*The dif- \*Mar.7.15-

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formitie of the same, far more filthie the was the tree or element aboue; first, fuch denying, what was affirmed: fecodly, fuch affirming what was denyed. Thirdly, fuch teling of tables (as the prophet faid)

85.

Pfal. 118 \*not like the law of God. 4. fuch contradiction betweene doctrine and doctrine s.custome & custome. 6. doctrine, and custome. 7. deedes, and wordes. 8. such shewes \* of pietie without the substance

\*2 Tim 3.5 Mat.7.15.

thereof.9. luch holding \*of truth in impipietie, masking woolues \*in sheepes closthing, &c. Finallie, fuch shaking off all christian buildings, foundations, myster ries of our faith, as is vncredible:yet neither they returne into the arke to faut themselves, nor let others. But clean contrary, expose our misteries to contempt by fond and flightlie proofes, openingaway to antichrift, and athiefme, and that fo largely, manifestly, and diligently, that (if the Scriptures had not tolde vs, of fuch to be and to come, that would vit der pretence of truth, destroy truth, put

# Ela 5.20

ting euill in good, and good in euil, sweet in fauour, and sower in sweete, accompt ting darknes light, and light darknes. No man would have beleeved me, but now

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none shall bee able to discredit mee, for I will prooue what I have saide: and thus declare it.

CHAP. XI.

That the mingle-mangle, or conclufions, deriued by, and from the mixtion of the foure aforesaide parts, of their body annatomized: denyes what was affirmed, and affirmes what was denyed, &c.as I saide, and so I yeeld no rest to slying Pigeons, till the returne to the arke again, the catholike Romain church, from whence they slew.

Heere I tooke a taske in hande verie large, to prooue ten properties, or aboue, through the multituds of conclusions, or issues, of the foure aforesaid elements, being iumbled or mingled together, as they are in euery of which I saide and saye, that there is denying what was affirmed, affirming, what was denyed, which was deuided, &c. And to give a taste, or to breake the vse for others of better abilitie. I will (till fitter oportunitie be offered toenlarge my selfe, with a large treatise by it selfe in these inductions) convince they two or three examples, that it is

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truth, which I have affirmed and to protract no longer time, you may remember the foure tables, comprehending, the foure partes of their resolued bodie. The first contayneth borrowed doctrines: the fecond, pure negatives : the third, old he resies, and the fourth blasphemous posttions. The first of borrowed doctrinein the first member thereof, was: That they Taye (as they have heard vs faye before) that there is a God omnipotent; that this is to begin withall, by them denide in substance. Considder the first doctrine in the fourth member of their constitution on or annatomized body, chap. 9. Saying God is the author of finne, which is add niall of the other doctrine affirmed. And thus I declare it: A God not able to make his worke perfite, without fault or imperfection, is not a God omnipotent, but is ther wanteth skill to direct his worke, or abilitie to performe it, or good will to applie the same, any of these makes a fault and makes thathe is omnipotent: the full sheweth want of wisdome in God, the the second of power, the third of goodnes, which cannot be in him perfite, and absolute in all the three alike. Now you teach

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teach, hee cannot make his workes perfite, and without faulte; affirming, that he is the author of sinne: therefore here is first denying of that which was affirmed; & fecondly, affirming, which was denyed: thirdly, contradiction, betweene doctrine & doctrine : fourthly, a shewe of piety, denying the substance, and truth thereof: fiftly, maintaining of a trueth in impiety; as \* masking of wolues vnder a \* Tim.3.5 coate of a Pastor: baiting of hookes with truth disquised, betraied, vsurped, against theowners wil & licence. \* So that it re- \*Rom. I, 18 nayneth in showe: now fixtly, how dogrine & custome are jumbled together ly them, which is easie, if you see what preaching, sweating, and beating of Pulpit they keepe, to teach men to ferue this God omnipotent: & yet this doctrine, vz. (God is author of finne)ouerthrowes all: for no fuch God is or can be:hence, 7. one custome fights against an outer, ...
and deeds, as divers as light and darknes
custome of baptisme to regeneratevs, contradicted by the cuflome of others, that hold concupifcence and (whereof God, as they say, is the author) bobe finne, and vntaken away, by the

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same, and that therefore baptisme of ne cessitie or effect, sinne remaineth as God work & effect vnexpiable, which is, custome against custome, &c. Moreouer,

\* Plal. 118. they tell vs , (as the Prophet fayeth, 1) 85.

fables and tales, not like the lawe of God, as wicked men are fore-showen to bable and tell, which is manifest. For the Lawe fayeth, that after God had made man, with all his partes, ghostlie and bodilie ha concupifcible, and irascible, though subdued to reason, by the brydle of inno-

cency, grace, or justice original, thathe the looked on al which he made, & they were tea \*Gen. 1.31 good\*, and very good also: all the worke first \*Den. 324 of God were \*perfite, &c. And youtel we

vs a tale not like the lawe of God in this int vs a tale not like the lawe of God in this line faying, God author of sinne, of concupie the scence, which is sinne; his works are not it. F all good, and very God, nor perfite, but ites, imperfite, maymed, yea, which is work lay; of all, sinfull, &c. wherefore: Secondia and they tell vs of God omnipotent, in shew before and after make a babble on it, and casta his S downe in substance, as a fable of siction mine saying none but such as is author of sin ture in which is none at all: therefore, as I said slow, you shake the foundation of our said stole.

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expresse our holie mysteries (of one God omnipotent) to contempt and fable, and in it the Trinitie, which is in one vnited, and in omnipotencie of one God multiplied to three persons, &c. preparing the path to all athisme, & godlessenes, and so to Antichrist, as naturally potently, & diwe ligently, as every flood run downward, or bramble-berries, sprong of the bryar, or lilic hawes, of the black thorne; & this darknes ub, you call your light, this badnes good, & no- lower sweetnes, which Esay\*curled: and \* Esay. were thus much for the first example. 2. They 20. were teach our Sauiours incarnation, as in the first table, numb. 34. ca. 4. & 2. part, & as is a tell welknowen. Now in that they denie, as welknowen. Now in that they denie, as this in the second Table, honour to his holies; upi- they cotradict the same, & thus I deduce to the second it. For no assumption of humane infirmities, natural & no incarnation, they must say, no assumption of those, ergo a fortioried and no incarnation; thus I prooue it: who have bestowed no divine & glorious titles on assume that his Saints, tooke not upon him our infiraction mities, because goodnes, or Gods nassume is more prone, are as prone to bestaid thow, and communicate it selfe to others, said to be are & take on him our infirmities to be and

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and it is confirmed, for the husband and the wife communicate & participate, as well in weale as in woe, at the leaft, if not more in wealth then woe: Then where the Sacrament is perfite and greatest (as itis betweene God & his Church, by S. Pauls

\* Eph. 5.32 testimonie\*) there nothing is private, but al good things; titles of honour, & c.common as far as capacitie to receaue; and well, or power can extende to beflow, & therefore no bestowing of glorious titles, of honour to his Saints, as you fay: It followeth a fortiari, that you faye, neither did hee assumpe our base infirmities or mature, which is no incarnation, & adenying of that which was faid before, and affirming of that which was denyed: whichis as the Prophet fayth, \* tellingof fables, not like the law of God, contradiction betweene doctrine & doctrine, a. flome & custome, doctrine & custom, deedes and words; shewes of piety, without the substance or meaning thereof: holding of truth in impietie, masking of glut woolues in sheepes cloathing, shaking of when

our christianity, opening to athisme: & lay plaine and open waye to build vpon ou hell b ruines: and thus much for the second extuery

\* Pfal. 118. 85.

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ample. Now to the third & last, for a taste and entrance (as I saide ) to a further treatile on this common place: thirdly, in our Creede they allow, that Christ was buried, as in the first Table, second parte, and fourth chapter: This they denie, denying the descending into hell:second table, & thus I prooue it: for who is not layde in a fepulchre or graue, is not buried : Christ they faye, was not put in a sepulchre or graue, and the reason is, For that the receptacle beneath the roots of mounts, in thehart and bowels of the earth, is not a sepulchre or graue, as men conceaue, when they speake of graues or sepulchres wherein we burie our dead, they must say he had fuch a grave beneath the roots of mountains, in the hart of the earth, which they call (Sceol) the hebrew word, which is not a graue in the crust of the earth, in that place, but beneath the rootes or mountaines in the bottome of the same: as appeareth, in that the rich man, or go glutton, was faide to bee buried in helle where the word cannot be a graue, as we & fay Christ was buried in, &c. For though ou hell bee a graue of the deepest depth, yet dex sucry graue is not a hell, as they teach there-

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thereby, deluding vs of our Creede, tout ching Christs descending into hel, which they call graue onely; but now a contrarie, if they wil haue it fo: This graue must be in the heart of the earth, where Christ was buried in bodie, as is confirmed by the glutton aforesaide: and by Ionas, who in figure of Christ, saith\* he was beneath the roote of mountaines, in the Whales

\* len.27

\*Mat.12.40

bellie. And the Scriptures expounding this figure, "fay, Christ was in the hart of the earth; which is no grave or (Sceol) vnlesse they understande hell, and not the fepulchre of his bodie, in the crust of the earth, or superficies of the same. But a graue in the hart of the earth, Christ wa not buried in, as is manifest : therefore must you say, he was not buried, whichis to denie what was affirmed, and affirm, what was denyed, &c. with all the afort. faid confequences, which was the drifted this chapter, wherein for a taste, I mean to give you some fewe examples, referuing three hundreth and aboue, more ready blookt, wanting onely a little order ring, and some more fitter oportunit then time nowe permitteth. By which suppose, that all that who carrie the Pill

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geons hart, will fee how litle hope is of a resting place in these floods, without the arke; but contrariwile, flying ouer thele, with the wings of contemplation or due consideration, will abhorre such for waters, and neuer cease with restles flight, till the arke may be recourred againe, the catholike Romane Church, from whence they (permitted to flie or run out) made defection. The Rauen may perhaps spice pleasure, worldlie riches, and other drowned carrion in these waters to reste, and feede vpon a while: But her choise is but dead, or dying carryon in the floode, drowning the worlde without; wherefore it were convenient, to trye our wearied wings to flye hence, till we arrive at the arch: which is none else (as is prooued) But the Catholike Romaine Church, and the it is as in our thirde part following, shall bee now

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## THE THIRD PART:

Of the Arke or Church, which contamels consideration touching the ende of this flight.

Deuided into seauen Chapters.

CHAP. I.

Hat the Catholike Romaine Church, is the resting place fro the flood: that one Church was, and must be only vessel of faluation, and none elfe. I prooued in the first part, by all manner of proofe: by reafon and authoritie, both humaine & diuine, both out of the Olde and New To flament (by divers figures and comparifons afunder, as out of both together, fin other expresse testimonies, that, thatom Church was the Romaine church onely, and none elfe. I prooued it first negatively, by shewing all other to be a flood, an enchaunted castle, Babilonian towre, a deluge of finne; damnatio, herefie, sheeps coates, shews, borrowed maskes of piety pure negatiues, old herefies, positiue blas phemies, with a mingle-mangle of alma ner of absurdities, as the proper natural ifhew

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ifhew of such a body, or elements, to which he addeth divers other reasons; as first that out of the Romaine Church, There is no fending, as Aaron, then no true preaching nor Gospel, as is prooued in fundrie treatifes of schisme, or in the Touch-stone for triall of titles, for the true office of the paftor, preacher, &c. no Holie Ghost, forgiuenes of sinne, promise of life,no faith, fanctitie, nor vnity visibility: Vniuerlitie for place, nor Apostolical for time, as in fundry other Treatifes is manifest; for which, I referre you to the bookes called the twelue markes of the Church, to Bellarmines fifteene notes of the same. Botins, an hundreth markes of the same: and to an other intituled, Two and twentie causes, Bristowes motiues & demaundes, &c: wherefore onely now to follow the Pigeon ouer the flood, it remaineth we a little discouer the arke, not onely negatively, as in our fecond parte, but possitiuely, as followeth.

CHAP. II.

THAT shee onely hath the length, breadth, hight, deepnes, chambers, gouernment of the arke. \*You may take \* Gen. 6, the measure and finde the length to bee 14.15.

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200 cubits, the breadth 30 and the high and deepnes. 30. Many cabbins, full of al forces of creatures, cleane and vncleane, pitched within and without, a windowe in the same with a cubite, with a doore in the fide, with the three heights or rooms. Apply this to the Church, & see our Catholicke Romaine Church onely of this measure. And first it is manifest, none but our Church, hath besides God and Christ our head, any other high Priest, as Noe to gouerne the Arke, in the waters under God, that is, the Church militant, Ours hath in the Chaire of Peter, to this day, as S. Irenew, S. Angustine, &c. to their times, against al hereticks, have alledged, Secondly, we have chambers of degrees, one higher then another in worthines, as the maried, the widdowes, the virgins, the fecular and religious, answerable in the way, by merrit of life, to the mansions in heaven, which are many : wherein . Cor. 15 one ftar differeth from another in cleernes, in variety of perfectio, not in onevertue only (as our faith only ) but in degrees of professions which wee haue, and none but we, by their own confessio, for denying these degrees in perfections, they de-

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hiemerit and degrees in the fame. 3. wee have a doore that openeth to al the three heights, to the liuing militant, the dead patient, & the dead triumphat: they allow no fuch open or common entrance intercuffor communion of Saintes, denying both prayer for the dead, and honour to the Saints.4. Our window is but one, theyhaue so many spirits, as sects, or dore: our vocatio is but one, orders & baptisme they neither haue orders, but as Apes, fro vs men, nor respect baptisme, as necessary, but breake in at enery corner to their towre of confusio. 6. Our gouernmet only is vniforme, vifible, fit for men, & al other, chirmerical, inuifible, disordered, or deuided. Therefore al are correspondet as by divers other interpretations may be maintained against them, which was the poynt intended by this Chapter.

CHAP. III.

That she onely containes in her cabbins aforesaide, all sorts of creatures from the flood. Reade the Ecclesiasticall histories of Eus. Ruff. Iozomenes, Theo. Nic. Soc. Dorothens, &c.

And see that al the Apostles Disciples, martits, are witnesses in blood : Confes-

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festors, virgins, matrons, abbots, muncks; Ermits, & doctors, were cabinet or cham. bred in the same, and here wee haue the cleane creatures, all cuill Christians, such as haue fallen to herefie in Greece, Af. firicke, Europe, Indie, &c. were in the fame, if they could have kept themselves in, and not runne out: Kings, Emperous, Queenes, all fortes of nobilitie; men and wemen, young and olde, rich and poore, ficke and whole, good & bad, within the precincks of Christendome, who euer enjoyed the name of Christ, were there, and no where elfe; no other religion able to Thew thee continued ( vnleffe for a while fome of these) the like company; examine it, what Kings, Emperours, Queenes:had the Protestant, Puritane, in Greece, Italy, Almaine, Affrica, Armenia, Iwrie, Persia, Judia, Fraunce, Spaine, Scotland, or England, but these new regnant, reuoulted or runne out? whom God returne with the Pigeon againe. So examine all the rest, & finde the like, therefore none but the Catholike Romaine Church, hath such continency or company, and shee hath as through the particulars, shalbe in so many chapters declared.

CHAP.

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## CHAP. IIII.

Hat all the Apostles, disciples, with I other martirs, were in the catholike Romaine Church. Here will I contracke my selfe to the Kalender only sleauing the large Marteriolegies, for another time, wherein for euery moneth in the yeare, we have a competent number. For Januarie, S. Higmins Pope and martis. S. Felix Priest and martir. S. Marcellus, Pope and martir: S. Prisca Virgin & martir. S. Marins, Nartha, Andifax, and Abaccus martirs.S. Fabian & S. Sebastian, the one Pope and martir, the other, a Lay captaine, and martir. S. Agnes virgin & martir. S.Vincentius and Anastatius martirs. S. Kadrentiana, virgin and martir. S. Timothy bishop & martir.S. Policarpe bithop and martir, &c. In Februarie. S. Ignatius, S. Blase, bishops and martirs. S. Agatha, Dorothy, Affollme, virgins and martirs. S. V alentine martir.S. Faustina Iouita martirs. S. Simeon S. Mathias the apostle, bishops, & martirs. In March, S. Perpetuas and Felicitas, women marters. Fourtie eight martirs. In Aprill, S. Tiburtin, Valerian, and Maximius martirs. Anaet. and Sother & Caius Popes and martirs. S. George martir. Saint Marke

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Marke the Euangelist martir.S. Clerus Marcellus, Popes and, martirs. S. Vitalis. & S. Peter martirs, &c. In May, S. Philip and S. Iames Apostles martirs. S. Alexander, Euentius, and Theodolus, martirs. S. Gordiane & Epimacus martirs. S. Nerms, Achilleus, Pancratus, Boniface, martirs, S.Vrbane Elentherie, John & Falix, Popes & martirs, &c. In Iune, S. Marcel. Peter, Erasmus, Primius and Felician martirs. S. Bernarbe Apostle and martir. S. Basilides, Cirines, Naboris, Nazerus, Vitus, Modes stus, and Crescentia a woman martirs. S. Marke, Mercelline, Geruafius, and Protafius martirs. S. Siluerius Pope and martir, S. John and Paul martirs. S. Peter & Paule apost.mar. In Iulie, S. Processus and Mar. tiniane,7. brothers, Ruffinus & Secundina, wome Naboris& Falix mar. S. Anaclet, Pius Popes & ma. S. Samphorosa, with her seauen sonnes, martirs. S. Margaret, Chris fina, virgins and martirs. S. Apollinaris, bishop and martir. S. Iames Apostle and martir. S. Pantalion, Nazarius, Celsus, Vultor, Falix, Simplitius, Faustine, Beatrice, woman. Addon and Seimen, martirs, &c. In August, S. Steuen Pope and martin Invention of S. Steven the firste martin f. Sixtat

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S. Sixtus, Felicissime. S. Donate bishop, & Liriacus, Largus, Smaragdus, Romaine, Laurence Deacon. Tiburtius and Susan, Hipolitus & his fellowes. Agapete, Timothe with his felows. Sephirene Pope, Hermiles Sabma a woman. Falex & Audactus, mar. &c. In September, 12.borthers martirs. S. Adrian , Gorgonius , Prothus , Hiacuthus, Nicomedes, Cornelius Popes, and S. Ciprian, Lucie, Gemenian, Ianuarie bishop, with his fellowes. Eustachius with his fellowes, martirs with his companie. Linus Pope, Tecla a virgin, Cofina and Damiane, all martirs, &c. In October. Saint Marke, Calextus, Enarist, Popes and martirs. faint Sergius, Bachius, Mercellus, Apnlins, Dionisius, Rusticus, and Elutherius. Chrysantes, Daria. Saint Luke, Simon, and Inde Apostles, and all martirs &c.f. Vrsula, with a eleauen thousande Virgins, and martirs, &c. In Nouember, All Saintes, Sainte Vitalis and Agrycola, foure Crowned martirs. Theodore, Tryphon, Respicius, Nympha, martirs. S. Menna martir. S. Martine Pope and martir. Dedication Besil, of Peter and Paul. S. Potenmanus Pope and martir, Clement Pope & martir. S. Cilicia Virgin, & Felicitas mart. S.KA-

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S. Katherine, virgin. S. Chrisoftome, Peter bishop, and martirs. S. Andrew apostle & martir, &c. In December, S. Bibian Barbara, virgins and martirs. S. Melchiades. Damasus, Popes and martirs. S. Thomas Apostle and martir. S. Steuen, S. Iohn A. postle, the holie Innocents of Iewrie. S. Thomas Bishop, &c. with many moebelonging to the Private Kalenders of fundrie Cuntries, as Saint Albone martirfor England, which I omit; who for euerie countrie, with their blood sealed the Catholike Romaine faith, till these our latter daies: witnesse the auncient histories, Fathers, lives of Saints, in Sarius, Lipman. enronius, &c.al which were either Pope, or Papist Priests, Bishops, or Lay mena wemen, their followers of the Masse, and facrifice of the Altar, witnesse for a talk, S. Amb. de inuent. corp. S. S. Ger. & pro. where the vse of holy relicks, &c. is commended. And S. Augustine, de innention S. Stephani Aug. de ciu. Dei reporting many myracles done by his relicks, and by the flowers that were cast on the Altan where his relicks lay. And S. Cyprian E pist ad Cornelium, who bargained with Cornelius the Pope, that who first suffice

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for the faith, should in heaven pray for his fellow, left behinde on the earth; therefore by these witnesses for a taste, ours is the arke and none else.

CHAP. V.

Hat all the Confessors, men, women, re-I ligious, & secular, within the common Kalendar, were in our Catholike Romaine Church. Here to followe the method begun first: In Ianuarie we have to prove this, the Epiphanie or three Kings, S. Hilarie Bishop, Paule the first Ermit. S. Anthonie, and Saine Maurus Abbats, S. Iohn Chrysoftome, Confellors. & c. Second in Februarie, Candlemas Cathedra, S.Peter, which are confessors of this poynt. In March Saint Thomas of Agum S. Gregorie the great Pope & Doctor. S. 10feels, and S. Bennet Abbat, &c. In Aprill S. Francis de Paula, S Leo the great Pope and confessor, &c. In May, S. Athanasius, inuention of the Crosse, or S. Helline, S. Michales apparition, S. Gregorie the diume, Prudentiana & Patronilla, virgins, &c. In lune S. Anthony de Padua, S. Basil the great, S. Pauline Bithopps confes. Natruitie of S. John Baptist, In lulie, S. Bonauenture, Alexius, Praxid. virgin Saint Marse Magdalene, Saint Anne, Mariba, with other Confessors. In August S.D.

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S. Dominick. Clare assumption. S. Bernard abbat S. Lues King of Fraunce. S. Aug. bishop & doctor, all confessors. In September, S. Gyla abbot. S. Nicolas Tolentinus, confes. In October, f. Remege. Fraunf. Hilarion abbot conf. In Noueinb. al Saints, al fouls. f. Marrem bi-Thop, conf. S. Gregorie the wouderful & conf. In December, I. Sabla abbot, S. Nicolas, S. Ambrose, S. Selnester Pope and confesior, the first of above 30. Popes that dyed a confelfor, without martirdome, &c. all confessors, To which may be added, the feasts of Angels, S. Michael, the dedication of Churches &c, Lents, Vigils, Ember dayes, feasts of our Ladie dayes, &c. all which testifie our Romaine Church, none else allowing either Churches, Holie-daies, or honour to Saint, but wee, who put them in Kalender, honour them in their places and times, which Churches, Holye daies, and heavenly feruice, to the great glory of God and his holinesse. I leave out also the particulars to fundry cuntries, as S. Cutberd, lohn of Berner. ley, &c. yet knowen by their faires, wakes, or vigilles, all which were Priests, Bishopps, or their ghostly childer of the Masse, and Catholike Romaine communion, in all places and times of christendome, the which to thew

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munion place, I will shew you the expresse testimonies out of the Confessors, doctors, by which, althe premisses may be made manifest, and we give a new argument to establish our purpose, as in the next chapter, from the testimonie of lawfull witnesses; though indeed our adversaries graunt them ours, as in the three Conversions.

CHAP. VI.

Hat the Doctors, Saints and Fathers of 1 the Primitive Church, expressly shewe our Catholike Romaine Church to bee the arke or vessell of saluation. So first S. Cyprian de unitate Eecles. prooueth learnedly, by the whole treatise: secondly .S. Augustine lib. via. on. Manich.cap. 4. to omit (laith he) the fincere wisdome of the Church; there be many things helde me in the lap of the Catholike Church: The vniforme, consent and agreement of nations, holderh me; The authoritie of her religion begun with miracles, noutished with hope, increased with charitie, confirmed with antiquitie holdeth me: The ordinarie fuccession of Bishops, from the very seate of Peter, till this present day, holdeth me, to whom our Lord after his refurrection committed his sheepe to be fed. Finally, the very

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very name Catholike holdeth me, which nee without cause, this our Church hath so obtained among so many heriticks, that when all would be called catholiks: yet a man demading where the catholiks meete, we hereticks dare shew his church or house. Againe, so Aug. in an other place, saith, in the church

\* Epi. 165 of Rome alwaies flourished, the principality 162.90.92 of the Apostolicall chaire, with other far te-

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Stimonies. Thirdly, S. Amb. lib. 9. epift. 32.denyed the church to be the Arians, as not being of the communion with Rome, whereof he was himselfe, as he proouethin a Funerall fermion, made of his brother Satirus, faying: Satirus (faith he) caled vnto him the bishops; neither did he thinke any true grace to bee, but in the true faith : & demaunded of him, if hee did communicate with the Catholike Bishops, that is (saith he) if he did concorde with the Romaine church. Againe, in 3. cal. ad Tim. faith he, when al the world is Gods, yet the Church is called his house, whereof to day Damasus is governour, who was the Pope then. S. Ier. in his Epist. 75. to Damasus the Pope, the same faith: I know not Vitalis, I refule Melesius, and Misken Pauline (they were the hereticks then, as thele be now:) [ know them not (faith hee) who is not with thee,

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thee scattereth, &c. This Romaine Church, \*Rom. 1.8 oncebegun, they teach, can neuer fayle, by Mat. 18. the text of S. Mit. \*Which S. Aug. \* in Plal. 18. Who will not have her for their Mother, Pfal. 88. cannot have God for their father.

CHAP. VII.

Hat it behooveth by these motives, all ad Cathe. men to returne with the Pigeon from cap.10.6 the flood (other fects ) to the arke and Catho- S. Cip. de like Romaine Church againe; and not to simplieis. content themselues with the Rauens choise, pralat. (vz. vpon carrion) without heere the weaknes of my spirit, must needes diminish the force of Gods word in me, it being so generall, and frequent in this kinde, for this purpose, and I so weake, who had a litle of this fpirit, could faye, I hated the church of the malignant, \* & wil not fit with the impious. \* Pfal. 39. But wee that have very litle or no tafte, not these wordes; but sit downe with the Rauen & rest among the in the flood: wel ought we to have not the persos! but the impieties, for that to god, both the impious in that respect & impieties are odious in his fight, \* & who should love that which God hateth? No, who dare, if they had the feare of God, or any feeling in his spirit, Rauens only: for Pigeons fie to the arke again, Oblacke, & Rauenous

de lib. 4. de Simbo.

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Becl. 3. 27 bird know, who that loueth perrill\*, and remayneth with it, which God hateth, shal perrill to the same, and become odious, as the rest: oh it is pleasant, & yet we drowne not, but swim in the flood! well, but yet thou are adying, for the flood will drowne their impieties, and carrion will choke and poyson thee, & finck at the last. I wil raine, sath our Lord 40.daies & 40.nights, 7.daies hence &

al substance that I made from the earth, I will destroy. Alasse beastly glutt, wilt thou for 7. daies life, be a dying 40. and so remains for euer in a second death? Credie hoe: the Rauens doth not, the Pigeon doth, & slyeth fast to the succourer. Thou beleeuest not; I beleue that wel; for if thou didst, thou wolds not for 7. daies feed on a carrion, vn-dothy self for euer in the flood of damnation, thou

Heb. 10.38 that fore-feeth not thy bad choyfe, & what Iud. 16. 18 it is to fall into the handes of a living God, an almighty adversarie, before whose factors.

mountaines and rocks doe\* melt like waxa But what thou hast a carrion to feed vpm and swimme withall,40.dayes & 40.night, before drowning, beindeed drowned; as wet

morfel & fafe refting place, a worthy choice a long felicity, in the flood of herefie, & fin

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the world fauours them, pleasure tifest thee, arrideth and hoisteth thee vp from drowning: Well, and what is all this but drowning! a drowned carryon in the flood. Perit mundus & concupiscentia eins, & c. The world perisheth, and her pleasures. And the Pige- Pal 104.4 on faith, \* I will not converse with the chiefelt of them, be they never of fo high credit, honor, &c. non communicabo, I wil not conuerle, or rest my foot with them : why ? they benot resting places, no secure abodes, but flooting carrion in the midft of waters, fin, and damnation at hand; O terra terra, terra, Oworldly wealth, worldly pleasures, and worldly credit or honours. \*One looked out \*1.10.2.18 of the arke and could fee nothing but thefe three without, vz cocupifcence of the world flesh and honour or pride of life, al a flood, a lea, a dyluge, the world perisheth, & the lusts thereof: what shalt thou then do? thou maist crocke for carrion, and get none. What shall

& fuddenly came the flood\* and they peri- Luc.27.27 fhed & in a moment descended into hell. Pial.35 Now poore bird of hellish colour, quallity & tauening, thou wouldest not harken to thy

fustaine thee vp from the waters? thy wings,

they eare & drink, &c. as in the times of Noe

good now: Oh no, then it will be past, for in heil

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THE PIGEONS hell is no redemption, crauke & crooke tho maist, after cario, but theres none: they were Gods, & he hath with drawe them from thy abuse & rauenage:what then empty yea,& to thy great paine, inordinatly thou louedst the, & for the refuced eternall goodnes; and now both the one and the other are withdrawen fro thee, heaue, because thou would dest not haue it, but preferred these before it. Secondly, this worldly carrios, because thou abused them, all is gone. O thou disordered bird, that could not abide to parte with carrion in this world 7.daies, how wilt though dure the want of them, and all good things for ever in the next? but let vs weave the wed, & cofider the other part, which in this life was downe, & now will be vp, rather the thou wouldest endure a litle paines, to heave thy felfe vp fro the carrion, to returne to the arke: thou choselt a short felicity in the same, & now paines & forrow, endles is vp, & all pleasure down, & gone for inordinat means, &c.the inordinat appetite is punishmet wit selfe; thou wouldest have pleasure & no pain temporal, & thou hast thy hyre, no pleasure,

Mar. 8. 37. Dut al pain eternal. \*O vnfortunate change!

O reprobat lot! what wilt thou doe! what canste thou saye? what objecte! rage, blair

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wearie, teare, inuite the paines, the divels to dispatch thy life: O it will not bee, May 66.24, their worme shall not die for euer, thy death is everlasting fyre. O caitife then, whilst thou hast time, saye then odeni; &c. I have (as in the Pfal. 35.5. hated the Church of the malignant, and will not fitt with the wicked. \* I will renounce these wa- PGL 25.5. ters, all sectes and carrious, the worldlie flesh and honours drowning in the same, & heave vp my wings which God hath given thee, till thou get within the Arke againe: fay, O curfed be the houre and day wherein I lived out , I hate those times and maners : Now I will be a true harted Pigeon,\* Pfal.8 3.3 Quia melsor eft una dies, c. O, why should Inot hate them, for one day, O Lord, in thy church, worthy thousads without, yea better by manie degrees : that a true estemer of things, indeed would fay with the Prophet, Pal. 32.12 Elegiabiectus esse in domo Dei mei, qui habitarem tabernaculo peccat. &c. that is, To be a beggar, a creeple, an abject for-lorne Chrisha, on the dung hill in the arke or Church, is a state to be chosen, rather then to sit vndera crowne of golde without. O, is one daye within Paradise, woorth thousandes without, in the curfed Earth? One daye

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96 in Noes arke, worth thousandes without the flood? one day in the Smagogue worth shoulands without cut off from the number of Gods people? one daye in the Temple, worth thousandes without in the hils of San maria: one day among the armies of Iiraell, in the house of Iacob, annoynted with the blood of the lambe, worth thousads without among the Egiptians, drowned in the red fea, flayne by the ftricking angels. One day in Ierusalem, worth thousandes without mong thieues and robbers in the way to le richo, vnconstant herefie: one day a meber of Christs body, a braunch of the vine, then thousands without cut off, withered & tyel in bundels to feede the fyre of hell? One day so bee the chaste spoule of Christ, ten thous fands without in spiritual fornication, ba fterdlie feruice for euer difinherited, euer punishable, & neuer reuisible. One day with in Gods vineyard, thip, kingdome, the epfold corne-field, house, filled with the H. Ghost, better then thousandes without in the idle worlde, vnhired, without wages, in the Sea, in the power of Sathan, ruling the whole without, as his kingdome, among wolues in the defert and empty ayre? Tell me poort cormorant, delighting in the drowning and drowned

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frowned carrion. Is not one day within, betzer then thousands without? O you will saye yea! And is not the church this Paradice, & allother lectes the curled earth without. Is not she the arke, the Sinagogue, the temple, the house of Iacob, the armies of Israel: Ierufalem the body of Christ mistical, the braunches of the vyne, the spouse, the vineyarde, thip, kingdom, theep-fold, corne-field, and house of God, &c. without the flood, the vncircumcifed, castawaies, the rebels of Sama. rie, the murthered or drowned Ægiptias, the drowned Pharaos campe, the spoyled and wounded traueller to Iericho, the withered & vnfruitfull branches cut from the roote, the harlot & bastardly of spring, vncapiable of inheritance, the idle worldlings, drenched in the fea, without the kingdome and power of Sathan, the wolues, barren deferts, emptie, without any fnatch, touch, or tafte of the spirit of God sent to men? Tell me, is not this for and will you staye still without, and run out rather the abide? O heauen & earth be amazed at this . dost thou not yet hate the flood, the carrion? and fee how one daye in Gods Church, is worth thousands without: yea, & that to be an abject within Paradice, Nos arke, &c. is worth thousandes of dwellings

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dwelling without in the tabernacle of sin ners, and so much more worth, as the poor rest begger within Paradise the arke, &c. may saye, non communicato, &c. I will not converse or change my state with the chiefest of those without: with Emperours, or Kings, with all the glorie of the drowned & reprobate world. I will choose rather to be abject in the house of God, and happie is may get into the arke again, to paradice, levislem, &c. Our only business of importace lay try sless awaie, all other matters compared to this, are toyes: gather force, saye with the Phil. 26. 4. spirit of God in Dauid, \* Vnum petit a Decimal Sec. One ships I seewed of our sorters.

mine, &c. One thing I craued of our Lorde, and that will I craue still, that I may dwelin the house of our Lorde, and visite his hole Temple, that paradise, that arke of saluation that sinagogue of life, that place of resuge, &c. Now Rauens, scismaticks, heriticks, falling catholicks: What is your request? carrion for a few dayes on the flood?co.me, come & craue with the Prophet this one thing, wo visit his holy temple, & dwel in his house all the daies of your life: for glory & riches are in his house, \*& glorious things\*are said of thee, O serusalem, all the titles of Paradice,

Noes arke, Ierusalem,&c. are true in thee,&

Pial.111.3 Pial.26.3

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all the miseries that can be out of Paradice. in a cursed earth; out of Noes Arke in the flood, out of Ierusale in the way to Iericho, &c.are verified vpon all without thee.what glorie & riches are in Paradife, in Noes arke. &c, are in the house, holy Church. Shal carrion then, worldly fading, flatterers, flaye a mue Pigeon in her flight? no , amount with the wings of Eagles, & faule not; imitate the Iewes on the banks of Babilon, flie weeping, ull thou discouer the arke, lay all carrion & vaine delights away: hang those Organs on the willowes, and cry like a turtle: It I forget thee \* Ierusalem, let my right hand forget, let \* Pfal. 136. my tongue cleaue to my chops, if I dee not remember thee, if I put not Ierusalem the formost part of my joy : as a Hart \* thirsteth Plal.41.1 the fountaines, so let my soule couet after thee , O glories : \* My soule coueteth, \*Pfal.83.4 (faithhe) after thee, when shal I come and appeare within kenning? who will give mee wings\* that I may flye? I will flye\* into pa- \*Pfal. 14.7 radile againe from the curfed world, into the \*Pial. 54-7. ake from the flood, the judgmentes of God rebehinde mee, to drive mee from carnon, and corruptible choise, to the same a-

maine. Wee can not serue two maisters,

bey God and the worlde : ferue the Prince

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and her enemie : Our Parents & her aduen farie or husband, & abuse his bed with an other, our masters, & do other mens works halting will not ferue, either God or Bai will with me, or against me:no agreemet be tweene light and darknes, truth & fallhood God & Sathan, in or without the flood, and death is underneath me; curfed earth, rebel lious Samaria, robbers out of Ierusalem, &c. borrowed shewes without substance, negatiues of all truth, old herefies, blasphemout positions, heresie, insidelitie, sin & dammi tion; the mingle or chaos of al errors, contra dictions : denying what was affirmed, affir ming what was denied, doctrine against de Arine; doctrine against custome, customes gainst custome, words against deeds, fable not like the law of God, trueth in impietic Theepes coats, maskes, rauening wolues, ten ding to athisme & antichnstianisme:thelet fay are behinde me, and vnder me, to drive me onward in my flight: before mee I look to espye the Arke, the Catholicke Romaint Church, one must be the true Church, none but she can be it: I have tryed and flowers uer all, and can fee no resting place, she had the length, bredth, hight, deepnes, chamber gouernment of the Nees arke, the hath in he

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all maner of creatures, fafe from the waters, mue baptisme, sacramets, holy ghost, missio, promile, Emperours , Kings clergie, laitie of all forts and languages and none elle: in her are the Apostles and martirs, confessors, virgins, and all Saints, men women, religious & secular, she is discourred to be the vessell of faluation, by all the holy fathers, by S. Ang. S.lereme, S. Ambrofe, &c. thall all be fables? shall S. Paule and the Fathers deceaue vs. when they call the church, a truth answerable to these figures of Paradise , Noes arke na. &c? shall we not bee more carefull to faue tra. our soules in the Church, then our bodilie fir. life in the arke, & have God paynted wrong do that we observe not proportion of regarde & 16 30 feart? or is the truth yet to come, that must bla verifie the figures ? O no. In S. John. 19. 30. insumatum est, 18 faid & done: On the maste ten of this arke, holy Crosse in the midst of the efel earth, ho'y Church dispersed ouer the same: irm ook theethings doe drive mee on the glories of he Church, and pull mee to it to wing then aine nont maine: Et volabo & no. deficiam. I will carrie had of Olive, that is, true & christian fortitude token of peace and conquest, the braunch nber Sainst all the difficulties of the waye, the Gen.8.23;

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Gen. 8.4 of Armenia, \* and is carried about the ters, about all temptations, the rifeth & fleth on the top of the mountaines, about other fects and religions, famous, confpic ous, and kenspeckle enough: I will hope God, and who hopes in God shall (santh the change \* their strength and take wings, the wings of angels, and shall flye, and not sayle which God graunt to mee, and to all othe errant Pigeons in this flight, Amen.

Gen.8.g.

Open the window of the arke, O Noe, I me in: And Noe \* faw the Doue and open and let him in, and faued her from water which Christ our true Noe by his Priest doth daily by Baptisme & Penance to alth will worthely come and prepare themselve choosing the Pigeons slight, before the Ruens choise, wherein is choise enough carrion and damnation, be not account dainties, and before the glorious thing spoken of Ierusalem, the Catholike Romaine Church of God.

FINIS.



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